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SIKA SERVICES AG TÜFFENWEIS 16 ZURICH CH-8048 SWITZERLAND

SIKA ANCHORFIX®-2020 ADHESIVE ANCHOR SYSTEM

CSI Sections:

03 15 19 Cast-in Anchors 05 05 19 Post-Installed Concrete Anchors

1.0 RECOGNITION

The Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor System recognized in this report has been evaluated for use to resist static, wind, and earthquake tension and shear loads. The structural performance properties of the Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor System was evaluated for compliance with the following codes and standards:

- 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012, and 2009 International Building Code® (IBC)
- 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012, and 2009 International Residential Code[®] (IRC)
- ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14, ACI 318-11
- ACI 355.4-19, ACI 355.4-11
- ICC-ES AC308

2.0 LIMITATIONS

Use of the Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor System recognized in this report is subject to the following limitations:

- **2.1** The Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor System shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII) as shown in Figures 7 through 9 of this report.
- **2.2** Anchor elements shall be installed in cracked and uncracked normalweight or lightweight concrete having a specified compressive strength, f'_c , of 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa). Threaded steel rods (diameters M8 through M20 and $\frac{3}{8}$ inch through $\frac{3}{4}$ inch) and steel reinforcing bars (Ø 10 through Ø 16 and diameters No. 3 through No. 6) may be used in uncracked concrete. Threaded steel rods (diameters M8 through M30 and $\frac{3}{8}$ inch through $\frac{11}{4}$ inch) may be used in cracked concrete.
- **2.3** Values of f_c used for calculation purposes shall not exceed 8,000 psi (55.1 MPa).

- **2.4** Anchor elements shall be installed in normalweight or lightweight concrete as set forth in Figures 7 through 9 of this report in holes predrilled with a rotary-hammer drilling method using carbide-tipped drill bits complying with the dimensional tolerances of ANSI B212.15-1994 or ISO 5468 for metric sizes.
- **2.5** The Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor System is recognized to resist short-term and long-term loads, including wind and earthquake loads, subject to the limitations of this report.
- **2.6** In structures assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E, or F under the IBC or IRC, anchor strength shall be adjusted in accordance with Section 3.2.12 of this report.
- 2.7 The Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor System is permitted to be installed in concrete that is cracked or may be expected to crack during the service life of the anchor, subject to the limitations of this report.
- **2.8** Anchors may be used to resist tension and shear forces in floor (downwardly inclined), wall (horizontally), or overhead (upwardly inclined) orientations only if installation is within the concrete temperature range shown in Table 2 of this report.
- **2.9** Strength design values shall be established in accordance with Section 3.1 of this report. Loads applied to the anchors shall be adjusted in accordance with Section 1605.2 of the IBC for strength design.
- **2.10** Allowable design values shall be established in accordance with Section 3.2 of this report. Loads applied to the anchors shall be adjusted in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, or Section 1605.3 of the 2018, 2015, 2012, and 2009 IBC for allowable stress design.
- **2.11** Minimum anchor spacing and edge distance, critical edge distance, critical spacing, and minimum member thickness shall comply with the values described in this report.
- **2.12** Prior to installation, calculations and details demonstrating compliance with this report shall be submitted to the building official. Calculations and details shall be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed.
- **2.13** Fire-resistive construction: Anchors are not permitted to support fire-resistive construction. Where not otherwise prohibited in the applicable code, Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor System is permitted for installation in fire-resistive construction provided at least one of the following conditions is fulfilled:

The product described in this Uniform Evaluation Service (UES) Report has been evaluated as an alternative material, design or method of construction in order to satisfy and comply with the intent of the provision of the code, as noted in this report, and for at least equivalence to that prescribed in the code in quality, strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability and safety, as applicable, in accordance with IBC Section 104.11. This document shall only be reproduced in its entirety.



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- Anchors are used to resist wind or seismic forces only.
- Anchors that support gravity load-bearing structural elements are within a fire-resistive envelope or a fireresistive membrane, are protected by approved fireresistive materials, or have been evaluated for resistance to fire exposure in accordance with recognized standards.
- Anchors are used to support nonstructural elements.
- **2.14** Since an evaluation criteria for evaluating data to determine the performance of adhesive anchors subjected to fatigue or shock loading is unavailable at this time, the use of these anchors under such conditions is beyond the scope of this report.
- **2.15** Use of uncoated or zinc-plated carbon steel threaded rods or steel reinforcing bars is limited to dry interior locations. Exterior anchor locations and water-saturated conditions require the use of hot-dipped galvanized carbon steel or stainless steel anchors or threaded rods. The coating weights for hot-dip galvanized steel shall be in accordance with ASTM A153 Class C or D.
- **2.16** Steel anchoring materials in contact with preservative-treated and fire-retardant-treated wood shall be zinc-coated steel or stainless steel. The coating weights for zinc-coated steel shall be in accordance with ASTM A153 Class C or D.
- **2.17** Special inspection shall be provided in accordance with Section 3.5 of this report. Continuous special inspection for anchors installed in horizontally or upwardly inclined installations that are designed to resist sustained tension loads shall be provided in accordance with Section 3.5.2 of this report.
- **2.18** The Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor System may be used for floor (downwardly inclined), wall (horizontally inclined), and overhead (upwardly inclined) applications.
- **2.19** Anchors installed in a horizontally inclined or upwardly inclined orientation to resist sustained tension loads shall be performed by personnel certified by an applicable certification program in accordance with ACI 318-19 26.7.2(e), ACI 318-14 17.8.2.2 or 17.8.2.3; or ACI 318-11 D.9.2.2 or D.9.2.3.
- **2.20** The Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor System is manufactured under a quality control program with inspections by IAPMO Uniform ES.

3.0 PRODUCT USE

3.1 General: The Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor System is used to resist static, wind, and earthquake (Seismic Design Categories A through F under the IBC) tension and shear loads in cracked and uncracked, normalweight concrete

having a specified compressive strength, f'_c , of 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa). Cracked concrete shall be assumed except for anchors located in a region of the concrete member where analysis indicates no cracking (uncracked) at service loads in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2.5 and 17.7.2.5, ACI 318-14 17.4.2.6 and 17.5.2.7, or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.6 and D.6.2.7. The analysis for the determination of crack formation shall include the effects of restrained shrinkage, as applicable, in accordance with ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 24.4.2 and ACI 318-11 7.12.1.2. Cracked concrete also shall be assumed for anchors in structures assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E, or F. The adhesive anchor system is an alternative to anchors described in Section 1901.3 of the 2021, 2018, and 2015 IBC, Sections 1908 and 1909 of the 2012 IBC, and Sections 1911 and 1912 of the 2009 IBC. The anchoring system may also be used where an engineering design is submitted in accordance with Section R301.1.3 of the IRC.

3.2 Design and Installation

- **3.2.1 General:** Strength design under the 2021 IBC and Section R301.1.3 of the 2021 IRC shall be in accordance with ACI 318-19 and this report. Strength design under the 2018 and 2015 IBC and Section R301.1.3 of the 2018 and 2015 IRC shall be in accordance with ACI 318-14 and this report. Strength design under the 2012 and 2009 IBC, as well as Section R301.1.3 of the 2012 and 2009 IRC shall be in accordance with ACI 318-11 and this report. Allowable Stress Design shall be in accordance with Section 3.3 of this report.
- **3.2.2** Anchor design strengths, ϕN_n and ϕV_n , shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 Chapter 17, or ACI 318-11 Appendix D, and this report. Design parameters are provided in Tables 5 through 12 of this report. Anchor designs shall satisfy the requirements of ACI 318-19 17.5.1.2; ACI 318-14 17.3.1.1, 17.3.1.2, and 17.3.1.3; or ACI 318-11 D.4.1.1, D.4.1.2, and D.4.1.3. Anchor group effects shall be considered in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.1.3.1, ACI 318-14 17.2.1.1, or ACI 318-11 D.3.1.1. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , as described in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3, or ACI 318-11 D.4.3 or D.4.4 are given for each diameter in Tables 9, 10, 11, and 12 of this report. Strength reduction factors, ϕ , described in ACI 318-11 D.4.4 shall be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with Appendix C of ACI 318-11. This section provides amendments to ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14, and ACI 318-11 Appendix D as required for the strength design of adhesive anchors.
- **3.2.3 Static Steel Strength in Tension:** The nominal steel strength of a single anchor in tension, N_{sa} , shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.1.2, or ACI 318-11 D.5.1.2, and the corresponding strength reduction factors, depending on whether the steel is considered brittle or ductile, in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3, or ACI 318-11 D.4.3 are given in

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Tables 5 and 6 of this report for computing design strengths of corresponding anchor steel elements.

3.2.4 Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Tension: Nominal concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in tension, N_{cb} and N_{cbg} , shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.2, or ACI 318-11 D.5.2 with the following addition:

The basic concrete breakout strength of a single anchor in tension, N_b , shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.2, ACI 318-14 17.4.2.2, or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.2 where the values of h_{ef} comply with Tables 7 and 8 of this report. The values of $k_{c,cr}$ and $k_{c,uncr}$ are given in Tables 7 and 8 of this report.

To design for uncracked concrete, anchors shall be located in a region of the concrete member where analysis indicates no cracking at service load levels. Corresponding strength reduction factors, ϕ , are given in Tables 7 and 8 of this report for Condition B, as defined in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3, or ACI 318-11 D.4.3. For anchors in lightweight concrete, the modification factor λ_a shall be applied to the breakout strengths in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.2.6; or ACI 318-11 Eq. D.3.6. The value of f'_c shall be limited to a maximum of 8,000 psi (55 MPa).

3.2.5 Static Bond Strength in Tension: The nominal static bond strength of a single adhesive anchor or group of adhesive anchors in tension, N_a or N_{ag} , shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.6.5, ACI 318-14 17.4.5, or ACI 318-11 D.5.5. For anchors designed to resist sustained tension loads, bond strength shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.2.5 and 17.3.1.2, or ACI 318-11 D.3.5 and D.4.1.2. Embedment depths shall comply with Tables 9 through 12 of this report. Bond strength values are a function of concrete conditions (i.e., cracked or uncracked), concrete temperature, installation conditions (i.e. dry, water-saturated, or water-filled), and special inspection level (i.e. continuous or periodic). The Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor System has been tested at elevated temperatures in cracked and uncracked concrete using a hammer drill in dry, water-saturated, and water-filled concrete holes. To design for uncracked concrete, anchors shall be located in a region where analysis indicates no cracking at service load levels. Elevated concrete temperatures arise from several factors, including sun exposure, proximity to operating machinery, or containments of liquids or gases at elevated temperatures. Therefore, bond strengths, anchor categories, and strength reduction factors, ϕ , for each anchor diameter for installation in normalweight concrete are listed in Tables 9 through 12 of this report for each permitted concrete condition, concrete temperature, installation condition, and special inspection level. Bond strength values given in these tables correspond to concrete compressive strength, $f'_c = 2,500$ psi (17.2 MPa). Bond strength values shall not be increased for concrete compressive strength. Bond strength values shall be modified

with the factor ϕ_{ws} for cases wherein the holes are drilled in water-saturated concrete or ϕ_{wf} for cases where anchors are installed in water-filled holes in concrete as shown in Figure 1 of this report. Characteristic bond strength, τ_k shown in Figure 1 of this report, refers to $\tau_{k,cr}$ or $\tau_{k,uncr}$, and where applicable, the modified bond strengths shall be used in lieu of $\tau_{k,cr}$ or $\tau_{k,uncr}$. For anchors in lightweight concrete, the modification factor λ_a shall be applied to the breakout strengths in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.2.6; or ACI 318-11 Eq. D.3.6.

3.2.5.1 Sustained Loads: In addition to requirements in Section 3.2.5 of this report for the design of a single anchor in tension to resist sustained loads, ACI 318-19 17.5.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.3.1.2, or ACI 318-11 D.4.1.2 shall apply.

3.2.6 Splitting Control: Replace ACI 318-14 17.4.5.5 (ACI 318-11 D.5.5.5) as follows:

17.4.5.5 (D.5.5.5) – The modification factor for adhesive anchors designed for uncracked concrete in accordance with 17.4.5.2 (D.5.5.2) without supplementary reinforcement to control splitting, $\psi_{cp,Na}$, shall be calculated as:

If $c_{a,min} \ge c_{ac}$ then $\psi_{cp,Na} = 1.0$ (Eq.17.4.5.5.a for ACI 318-14) ((D-26) for ACI 318-11)

If $c_{a,min} < c_{ac}$ then $\psi_{cp,Na} = c_{a,min} / c_{ac}$ (Eq. 17.4.5.5.b for ACI 318-14) ((D-27) for ACI 318-11)

where

 c_{ac} shall be determined in accordance with (Eq. 17.4.5.5.c for ACI 318-14) (D-27a for ACI 318-11)

 $c_{ac} = h_{ef} \times (\tau_{k,uncr}/1160)^{0.4} \times [3.1-0.7(h/h_{ef})]$ (inches) (Eq. 17.4.5.5.c for ACI 318-14) (D-27a for ACI 318-11)

where

 (h/h_{ef}) need not be taken as larger than 2.4; and $\tau_{k,uncr}$ = characteristic bond strength stated in Tables 7 through 14 of this Evaluation Report, whereby $\tau_{k,uncr}$ need not be taken as larger than:

$$\tau_{kuncr} = (k_{uncr} (h_{ef} \times f_c')^{0.5})/(\pi \times d_a)$$

For all cases where $c_{Na'}/c_{ac} < 1.0$, $\psi_{cp,Na}$ determined from (Eq.17.4.5.5.b for ACI 318-14)((D-27) for ACI 318-11) need not be taken less than $c_{Na'}/c_{ac}$. For all other cases, $\psi_{cp,Na}$ shall be taken as 1.0.

3.2.7 Static Steel Strength in Shear: The nominal static steel strength of a single anchor in shear, V_{sa} , in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.1.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.1.2, or ACI 318-11 D.6.1.2, is given in Tables 5 and 6 of this report. The strength reduction factor, ϕ , corresponding to the steel element selected and whether the steel is considered brittle or



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ductile, is also given in Tables 5 and 6 of this report, for use with load combinations of ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 5.3 as set forth in 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2 as set forth in D.4.3.

- 3.2.8 Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Shear: The nominal static concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, V_{cb} or V_{cbg} , shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.2, or ACI 318-11 D.6.2 with modifications as described in this section. The basic concrete breakout strength in shear, V_b , shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.2.2, ACI 318-14 17.5.2.2, or ACI 318-11 D.6.2.2 using the applicable values of h_{ef} and d_a as described in Tables 7 and 8 of this report in lieu of l_e and d_a . In no case shall l_e exceed $8d_a$. The value of f'_c shall be limited to 8,000 psi (55 MPa). For anchors in lightweight concrete, the modification factor λ_a shall be applied to the breakout strengths in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.2.4, ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.2.6; or ACI 318-11 Eq. D.3.6. Corresponding strength reduction factors, ϕ , are given in Tables 7 and 8 of this report for Condition B, as defined in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3, or ACI 318-11 D.4.3.
- **3.2.9 Static Concrete Pryout Strength in Shear:** The nominal static pryout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, V_{cp} or V_{cpg} , shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.7.3, ACI 318-14 17.5.3.1, or ACI 318-11 D.6.3.1.
- **3.2.10 Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces:** For loadings that include combined tension and shear, the design shall be performed in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.2.3, ACI 318-14 17.6, or ACI 318-11 D.7.
- 3.2.11 Minimum Member Thickness, Minimum Anchor Spacing, and Minimum Edge Distance: In lieu of using ACI 318-19 17.9.2, ACI 318-14 17.7.1 and 17.7.3, or ACI 318-11 D.8.1 and D.8.3, values of c_{min} and s_{min} provided in Table 1a and 1b of this report shall be used. In lieu of using ACI 318-19 17.9.4, ACI 318-14 17.7.5, or ACI 318-11 D.8.5, minimum member thickness, h_{min} , shall be in accordance with Tables 1a and 1b of this report. In determining minimum edge distances, c_{min} , the following section shall be added to ACI 318-19 and ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D: For adhesive anchors that will remain untorqued, the minimum edge distance shall be based on requirements for reinforcement in ACI 318-19 17.9.3, ACI 318-14 20.6.1 and 17.7.4, or ACI 318-11 7.7 and D.8.4. For adhesive anchors that will be torqued, the minimum edge distance and spacing shall be taken from Table 1 a and b of this report.
- **3.2.12 Design Strength in Seismic Design Categories C, D, E, and F:** In structures assigned to Seismic Design Category C, D, E, or F under the IBC or IRC, the design shall be performed according to ACI 318-19 17.10, ACI 318-14 17.2.3.1 as modified by Section 1905.1.8 of the 2021, 2018, and 2015 IBC, and ACI 318-11 D.3.3 as modified by Section

- 3.2.12.1 of this report which replaces Section 1905.1.9 of the 2012 IBC. Nominal steel shear strength, V_{sa} , shall be adjusted be $\alpha_{V,seis}$ as given in Tables 5 and 6 of this report for the corresponding anchor steel. The nominal bond strength, $\tau_{k,cr}$, shall be adjusted by the seismic reduction factor, $\alpha_{N,seis}$, as given in Tables 5 and 6 of this report for the corresponding anchor steel.
- **3.2.12.1** Section 1905.1.9 of the 2012 IBC shall be replaced with the following:

Modify ACI 318-11 Sections D.3.3.4.2, D.3.3.4.3 (d), and D.3.3.5.2 and replace with the following:

D.3.3.4.2 – Where the tensile component of the strength-level earthquake force applied to anchors exceeds 20 percent of the factored anchor tensile force associated with the same load combination, anchors and their attachments shall be designed in accordance with D.3.3.4.3. The anchor design tensile strength shall be determined in accordance with D.3.3.4.4.

Exception:

Anchors designed to resist wall out-of-plane forces with design strengths equal to or greater than the force determined in accordance with ASCE 7 Equation 12.11-1 or 12.14-10 shall be deemed to satisfy Section D.3.3.4.3(d).

- D.3.3.4.3(d) The anchor or group of anchors shall be designed for the maximum tension obtained from design load combinations that include E, with E increased by Ω_o . The anchor design tensile strength shall be calculated from D.3.3.4.4.
- D.3.3.5.2 Where the shear component of the strength-level earthquake force applied to anchors exceeds 20 percent of the total factored anchor shear force associated with the same load combination, anchors and their attachments shall be designed in accordance with D.3.3.5.3. The anchor design shear strength for resisting earthquake forces shall be determined in accordance with D.6.

Exceptions:

- 1. For the calculation of the in-plane shear strength of anchor bolts attaching wood sill plates of bearing or non-bearing walls of light-frame wood structures to foundations or foundation stem walls, the in-plane shear strength in accordance with D.6.2 and D.6.3 need not be computed and D.3.3.5.3 need not apply provided all of the following are satisfied:
 - 1.1. The allowable in-plane shear strength of the anchor is determined in accordance with ANSI/AWC NDS



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Table 11E for lateral design values parallel to grain.

- 1.2. The maximum anchor nominal diameter is $\frac{5}{8}$ inch (16 mm).
- 1.3. Anchor bolts are embedded into concrete a minimum of 7 inches (178 mm).
- 1.4. Anchor bolts are located a minimum of 1¾ inches (45 mm) from the edge of the concrete parallel to the length of the wood sill plate.
- 1.5. Anchor bolts are located a minimum of 15 anchor diameters from the edge of the concrete perpendicular to the length of the wood sill plate.
- 1.6. The sill plate is 2-inch or 3-inch nominal thickness.
- 2. For the calculation of the in-plane shear strength of anchor bolts attaching cold-formed steel track of bearing or non-bearing walls of light-frame construction to foundations or foundation stem walls, the in-plane shear strength in accordance with D.6.2 and D.6.3 need not be computed, and D.3.3.5.3 need not apply provided all of the following are satisfied:
 - 2.1. The maximum anchor nominal diameter is $\frac{5}{8}$ inch (16 mm).
 - 2.2. Anchors are embedded into concrete a minimum of 7 inches (178 mm).
 - 2.3. Anchors are located a minimum of 1¾ inches (45 mm) from the edge of the concrete parallel to the length of the track.
 - 2.4. Anchors are located a minimum of 15 anchor diameters from the edge of the concrete perpendicular to the length of the track.
 - 2.5. The track is 33 to 68 mil designation thickness. Allowable in-plane shear strength of exempt anchors, parallel to the edge of concrete shall be permitted to be determined in accordance with AISI S100-16 or AISI S100-16 (2020) w/S2-20 Section J3.3.1, or AISI S100-12 Section E3.3.1.
- 3. In light-frame construction, bearing or non-bearing walls, shear strength of concrete anchors less than or equal to 1 inch [25 mm] in diameter attaching a sill plate or track to foundation or foundation stem wall need not satisfy D.3.3.5.3(a) through (c) when the design strength of the anchors is determined in accordance with D.6.2.1(c).

3.3 Allowable Stress Design (ASD)

3.3.1 General: For anchor designed using load combinations in accordance with Section 1605.1 of the 2021 IBC, or Section 1605.3 of the 2018, 2015, 2012, and 2009 IBC, allowable loads shall be established using Eq. (3-3) or Eq. (3-4):

Tallowable, ASD =
$$\frac{\sqrt[n]{N_n}}{\alpha}$$
 Eq. (3-3)

$$V_{\text{allowable, ASD}} = \frac{\phi V_n}{\alpha}$$
 Eq. (3-4)

Where:

 $T_{allowable,ASD}$ = allowable tension load (lbf or kN)

 $V_{allowable,ASD}$ = allowable shear load (lbf or kN)

 $\emptyset N_n$ = lowest design strength of an anchor or anchor group in tension as determined in accordance with ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14 Chapter 17, or ACI 318-11 Appendix D and as amended in Section 3.3 of this report.

 ϕV_n = lowest design strength of an anchor or anchor group in shear as determined in accordance with ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14 Chapter 17, or ACI 318-11 Appendix D and as amended in Section 3.3 of this report.

 α = conversion factor calculated as a weighted average of the load factors for the controlling load combination. In addition, α shall include all applicable factors to account for non-ductile failure modes and required over-strength.

3.3.2 Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces: In lieu of ACI 318-19 17.8.2 and 17.8.3; ACI 318-14 17.6.1, 17.6.2, and 17.6.3; or ACI 318-11 D.7.1, D.7.2, and D.7.3, the interaction of tension and shear loads shall be calculated as follows:

17.6.1 (D.7.1): If $V_{applied} \leq 0.2 \ V_{allowable,ASD}$, for the governing strength in shear, then the full allowable strength in tension, $T_{allowable,ASD}$, shall be permitted.

17.6.2 (D.7.2): If $T_{applied} \leq 0.2$ $T_{allowable,ASD}$, for the governing strength in tension, then the full allowable strength in shear, $V_{allowable,ASD}$, shall be permitted.

17.6.3 (D.7.3): If $V_{applied} \leq 0.2 \ V_{allowable,ASD}$, for the governing strength in shear and $T_{applied} \leq 0.2 \ T_{allowable,ASD}$ for the governing strength in tension.

For all other cases: Eq. (3-5) applies:



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$$\frac{T}{T_{\text{allowable.ASD}}} + \frac{V}{V_{\text{allowable.ASD}}} \le 1.2$$
 Eq. (3-5)

3.4 Installation: Installation shall be in accordance with the codes referenced in Section 1.0 of this report and the manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII). Where conflicts occur, the more restrictive shall govern. Installation parameters are provided in Tables 1a and 1b and Figures 7, 8, and 9 of this report. Anchor locations shall comply with this report and the plans and specifications approved by the building official. Installation of the Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor System shall conform to the MPII included in each package unit and as described in Figures 7, 8, and 9 of this report. Nozzles, brushes, dispensing tools, and adhesive resin stoppers shown in Figures 2 through 6 and listed in Tables 13 and 14 of this report as supplied by the manufacturer, shall be used along with the adhesive compound cartridges. Installation of anchor elements may be downwardly inclined (floor), horizontally inclined (walls), and upwardly inclined (ceilings). For overhead and upwardly inclined installations, Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Tropical is limited to $h_{ef,max} = 18 d_a$.

Installation may occur into dry concrete, water-saturated concrete, or flooded holes in normalweight or lightweight concrete. The use of anchors in submerged concrete is beyond the scope of this report.

3.5 Special Inspection

3.5.1 General: All adhesive anchor systems shall be installed with special inspection. Installations may be made under continuous special inspection or periodic special inspection in accordance with the requirements in Tables 9 through 12 of this report as determined by the registered design professional and approved by the building official. Continuous special inspection is required for all cases where adhesive anchors are installed in horizontally or upwardly inclined orientations that are designed to resist sustained tension loads in accordance with ACI 318-19 26.13.3.2 (e), ACI 318-14 17.8.2.4 and 26.13.3.2(c), or ACI 318-11 D.9.2.4.

Installations made under special inspection shall be performed in accordance with Sections 1705.1 and 1705.3 of the 2021, 2018, 2015, and 2012 IBC, Sections 1704.4 and 1704.15 of the 2009 IBC, with continuous and periodic special inspection as defined in IBC Section 1702.1 and this report.

3.5.2 Continuous Special Inspection: Installations made under continuous special inspection with an onsite proof loading program shall be performed in accordance with 2021, 2018, 2015, and 2012 IBC Section 1705.1.1 and Table 1705.3, 2009 IBC Sections 1704.4 and 1704.15. The special inspector shall be on the job site continuously during anchor installation to verify anchor element type, material, diameter,

length, spacing, location, embedment and edge distances, adhesive system identification in accordance with Section 5.0 of this report, adhesive expiration date, concrete type, compressive strength and thickness, hole drilling method, dimensions and cleaning procedures, cleaning brush identification, cleaning air pressure, installation torque, and adhesive installation in accordance with manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII). The special inspector shall observe all aspects of the anchor installation except holes shall be permitted to be drilled in the absence of the special inspector provided the special inspector examines the drill bits used for the drilling and verifies the hole sizes.

3.5.3 Periodic Special Inspection: Periodic special inspection shall be provided in accordance with 2021, 2018, 2015, and 2012 IBC Sections 1705.1 and 1705.3; 2009 IBC Sections 1704.4 and 1704.15; and this report. The special inspector shall be on the job site initially during anchor installation to verify those items shown for continuous special inspection in Section 3.5.2 of this report. The special inspector shall verify the initial installations of each type and size of the adhesive anchor by construction personnel on site. Subsequent installations of the same anchor type and size by the same construction personnel are permitted to be performed in the absence of the special inspector. Any change in the anchor being installed or with the personnel performing the installation shall require an initial inspection. For ongoing installations over an extended period of time, the special inspector shall make regular inspections to confirm the correct handling and installation of the product.

3.5.4 Proof Loading Program: An on-site proof loading program is required for all installations subject to continuous special inspection and those designated by the registered design professional or building official. Where required, a proof loading program shall be established by the registered design professional and approved by the building official. As a minimum, the following requirements shall be addressed: frequency of proof loading based on anchor type, diameter, and embedment; proof loads by anchor type, diameter, embedment, and location; acceptable displacement at proof load; and remedial action in the event of failure to achieve the prescribed proof load or excessive displacement.

Unless otherwise directed by the registered design professional and approved by the building official, proof loads shall be applied as confined tension tests. Proof load levels shall not exceed the lesser of 67 percent of the load corresponding to the nominal bond strength as calculated from the characteristic bond stress for uncracked concrete modified for edge effects and concrete properties or 80 percent of the minimum specified anchor element yield strength ($A_{\rm se,N} \cdot f_{\rm ya}$). Proof loads shall be maintained at the required load level for a minimum of 10 seconds.

4.0 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

4.1 General: The Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor System is inserted into a pre-drilled hole in hardened



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normalweight or lightweight concrete and transfers loads to the concrete by the bond between the anchor and the adhesive, and bond between the adhesive and the concrete.

4.2 Product Information: The Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor System is comprised of the following components:

- Sika AnchorFix®-2020 (standard grade), Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Arctic, and Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Tropical compounds packaged in cartridges.
- Adhesive mixing and dispensing equipment.
- Equipment for cleaning holes and injecting adhesive.

Continuously threaded steel rods or deformed steel reinforcing bars shall be provided by the installer or a third party according to the standard specifications and are not proprietary.

Installation may occur into dry concrete, water-saturated concrete, or flooded holes in concrete. The manufacturer's printed installation instructions (MPII) and parameters are included with each adhesive unit package as shown in Figures 7, 8, and 9 of this report.

4.3 Material Information

4.3.1 Sika AnchorFix®**-2020 Adhesive Anchor Compound:** The Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor compound is a two-component (resin and hardener) adhesive supplied in dual, side-by-side cartridges, capsule-in-cartridge (CIC) system, peeler cartridge or dual, coaxial cartridges separating the chemical components, which are combined in a 10:1 ratio by volume when dispensed through the system static mixing nozzle. The Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor System is available in the following packaging options:

Coaxial Cartridge:

150 ml (5.28 fl.oz.), 380 ml (13.37 fl.oz.), 400 ml (14.08 fl.oz.), and 410 ml (14.43 fl.oz.)

Side-by-Side Cartridge:

350 ml (12.32 fl.oz.) and 825 ml (29.04 fl.oz.)

CIC:

150 ml (5.28 fl.oz.), 170 ml (5.98 fl.oz.), 300 ml (10.55 fl.oz.), 550 ml (19.36 fl.oz.), and 850 ml (29.92 fl.oz.)

Peeler Cartridge: 280 ml (9.85 fl.oz.)

The shelf life of the Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor System is 12 months when stored in the manufacturer's unopened cartridges at temperatures between 41°F (+5°C) and 77°F (25°C). Gel and cure times based on product and material temperatures are shown in Table 2 of this report.

Minimum cartridge temperatures shown in Table 2 of this report shall be observed.

- **4.3.2 Dispensing Equipment** The Sika AnchorFix[®]-2020 Adhesive Anchor System shall be dispensed using pneumatic, battery, or manual actuated dispensing tools listed in Figure 6 of this report.
- **4.3.3 Hole Preparation Equipment:** Holes shall be cleaned with hole-cleaning brushes and air nozzles. Brushes shall be the appropriate size brush from the list shown in Tables 13 and 14 of this report. Air nozzles shall be equipped with an extension capable of reaching the bottom of the drilled hole and having an inside bore diameter of not less than ½ inch (6.4 mm). Holes shall be prepared in accordance with the MPII shown in Figures 7, 8, and 9 of this report.

4.3.4 Anchor Elements

- **4.3.4.1 Threaded Steel Rod:** Threaded anchor rods shall be clean, continuously threaded rods (all-thread) in diameters and types as described in Tables 5 and 6 of this report. Carbon steel threaded rods may be furnished with a zinc electroplated coating, hot-dipped galvanized coating, or may be uncoated. Threaded steel rods shall be clean, straight, and free of mill scale, rust, mud, oil, and other coatings that may impair the bond with the adhesive. The tensile strength of the threaded anchor rods shall not exceed 145,000 psi (1,000 MPa).
- **4.3.4.2 Steel Reinforcing Bars:** Steel reinforcing bars are deformed bars (rebar). Tables 5 and 6 of this report summarize reinforcing bar size ranges, specifications, and grades. Embedded portions of reinforcing bars shall be straight, and free of mill scale, rust, and other coatings or substances that may impair the bond with the adhesive. Reinforcing bars shall not be bent after installation except as set forth in ACI 318-19 26.6.3.2 (b), ACI 318-14 26.6.3.1 (b), or ACI 318-11 7.3.2, with the additional condition that the bars shall be bent cold, and heating of reinforcing bars to facilitate field bending of bars is not permitted.
- **4.3.5 Ductility:** In accordance with ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14 2.3, or ACI 318-11 Appendix D.1, the steel element shall be considered ductile if the tested elongation is not less than 14 percent and the reduction of area is not less than 30 percent. Steel elements that do not satisfy both of these requirements shall be deemed brittle. Except as modified by ACI 318-19 17.10.5.3 (a) (vi), ACI 318-14 17.2.3.4.2 (a) (vi), and ACI 318-11 D.3.3.4.3(a) 6 for earthquake effects, deformed reinforcing bars meeting the requirements of ASTM A615 or A706 shall be considered as ductile steel elements.
- **4.4 Concrete:** Normalweight and lightweight concrete shall comply with Sections 1901 and 1903 of the 2021, 2018, 2015, and 2012 IBC or Sections 1903 and 1905 of the 2009 IBC, and have a minimum compressive strength at the time of anchor installation of 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa), but not less than

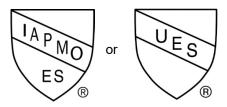
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that required by the applicable code, including IBC Section 1904 and ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14 19.3.2, or ACI 318-11 4.3, or the structural design, nor more than 8,500 psi (58.6 MPa).

5.0 IDENTIFICATION

5.1 Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor System is identified by permanent labels on the cartridge or packaging, bearing the company name (SIKA Services AG), product name (Sika AnchorFix®-2020, Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Arctic, or Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Tropical), batch number, manufacturing date, expiration date, and this evaluation report number (ER-601).

Either IAPMO UES Mark of Conformity may also be used as shown below:



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5.2 Threaded rods, nuts, washers, and deformed reinforcing bars are standard elements, and shall conform to applicable national or international specifications as shown in Tables 5 and 6 of this report where applicable.

6.0 SUBSTANTIATING DATA

- **6.1** Data in accordance with ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14, ACI 318-11, ACI 355.4, and the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Post-Installed Adhesive Anchors in Concrete Elements (AC308), Approved February 2022.
- **6.2** Test reports are from laboratories in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025.

7.0 STATEMENT OF RECOGNITION

This evaluation report describes the results of research completed by IAPMO Uniform Evaluation Service on SIKA Services AG's Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Adhesive Anchor System to assess conformance to the codes shown in Section 1.0 of this report, and serves as documentation of the product certification. Products are manufactured at the location noted in Section 2.20 of this report under a quality control program with periodic inspections under the supervision of IAPMO UES.

For additional information about this evaluation report please visit www.uniform-es.org or email us at info@uniform-es.org

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TABLE 1a - INSTALLATION INFORMATION - US THREADED ROD AND REBAR

Characte	ristic	Symbol	Units]	Nominal Anch	or Element Siz	e	
Fractional	Size	d_a	inch	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	1	1-1/4
Threaded Rods	Drill Size	d_o	inch	1/2	9/16	11/16	13/16	1-1/16	1-3/8
Embedment Dept	h Range for	$h_{ef,min}$	inch	2-3/8	2-3/4	3-1/8	3-1/2	4	5
US Threaded Rod	1	h _{ef,max}	inch	7-1/2	10	12-1/2	15	20	25
US Reinforcing	Size	d_a	inch	#3	#4	#5	#6	#8	#10
Bars	Drill Size	d_o	inch	9/16	5/8	3/4	1	1-1/4	1-5/8
Embedment	Size	$h_{ef,min}$	inch	2-3/8	3	3 3/4	4 1/2	6	7 1/2
Depth Range for US Rebar	Drill Size	h _{ef,max}	inch	7 ½	10	12 ½	15	20	25
Maximum Tighter	ning Torque	Tinst	ft.lb (Nm)	15 (20)	30 (40)	60 (80)	110 (150)	145 (200)	200 (275)
Minimum Concre	te Thickness	h_{min}	-			2.0	hef		
Critical Edge Dist	ance	Cac	-			Section 3.1.11	of this report		
Minimum Edge D	Minimum Edge Distance		-			0.5	hef		
Minimum Anchor	Minimum Anchor Spacing			0.5 hef					

TABLE 1b – INSTALLATION INFORMATION – METRIC THREADED ROD AND REBAR

		1									
Characte	eristic	Symbol	Units			Nom	inal Anch	or Elemen	t Size		
Metric Threaded	Size	d_a	mm	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Rods	Drill Size	d_o	mm	10	12	14	18	22	26	30	35
Embedment Depth	Range for	hef,min	mm	60	70	80	90	90	102	108	128
Metric Threaded R	ods	hef,max	mm	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
Metric	Size	d_a	mm	Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	-	Ø32
Reinforcing Bars	Drill Size	d_o	mm	12	14	16	20	25	32	-	40
Embedment Depth	Range for	hef,min	mm	60	70	80	96	120	150	-	192
Metric Reinforcing	g Bars	h _{ef,max}	mm	160	200	240	320	400	500	-	640
Maximum Tighten	ing Torque	Tinst	ft.lb (Nm)	7 (10)	15 (20)	30 (40)	60 (80)	110 (150)	145 (200)	160 (216)	200 (275)
Minimum Concrete	e Thickness	h_{min}	-	(10)	(20)	(40)	()) h _{ef}	(200)	(210)	(273)
Critical Edge Dista	Critical Edge Distance c_{ac}					Se	ction 3.1.1	1 of this rep	ort		
Minimum Edge Di	Minimum Edge Distance Cmin			0.5 hef							
Minimum Anchor	Spacing	Smin	-				0.5	h _{ef}			

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TABLE 2 – GEL AND CURE TIME SCHEDULE

System	Concrete To	emperature	Gel Time ¹	Cure Time ²
	-10°C to +5°C	14°F to 41°F	15 minutes	12 hours
	+5°C to +10°C	41°F to 50°F	10 minutes	145 minutes
0.1	+10°C to +15°C	50°F to 59°F	8 minutes	85 minutes
Sika AnchorFix®-	+15°C to +20°C	59°F to 68°F	6 minutes	75 minutes
2020	+20°C to +25°C	68°F to 77°F	5 minutes	50 minutes
2020	+25°C to +30°C	77°F to 86°F	4 minutes	40 minutes
	+30°C to +35°C	86°F to 95°F	2 minutes	30 minutes
	Cartric	lge shall be conditioned to a minimu	um 41°F (+5°C) prior to use	
	-10°C to -5°C	14°F to 23°F	15 minutes	12 hours
0.1	-5°C to 0°C	23°F to 32°F	15 minutes	100 minutes
Sika AnchorFix®-	0°C to +5°C	32°F to 41°F	5 minutes	75 minutes
2020 Arctic	+5°C to +20°C	41°F to 68°F	2.5 minutes	50 minutes
2020 Arctic	+20°C	68°F	100 seconds	20 minutes
	Cartri	dge shall be conditioned to a minim	um 32°F (0°C) prior to use	
	+15°C to +20°C	59°F to 68°F	15 minutes	5 hours
Sika	+20°C to +25°C	68°F to 77°F	10 minutes	145 minutes
AnchorFix®-	+25°C to +30°C	77°F to 86°F	7.5 minutes	85 minutes
2020	+30°C to +35°C	86°F to 95°F	5 minutes	50 minutes
Tropical ³	+35°C to +40°C	95°F to 104°F	3.5 minutes	40 minutes
	Cartrid	ge shall be conditioned to a minimu	m 59°F (+15°C) prior to use	

¹ Gel time refers to the highest temperature in the range

² Cure time refers to the lowest temperature in the range

³ For overhead and upwardly inclined installations, Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Tropical is limited to a maximum installation temperature of 86°F (+30°C) and a maximum embedment depth of 18da.

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TABLE 3 – SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON THREADED CARBON AND STAINLESS STEEL ROD MATERIALS

	Threaded Rod Specification	Units	Minimum Specified Ultimate Strength	Minimum Specified Yield Strength	f _{uta} / f _{ya}	Minimum Percent Elongation	Minimum Percent Reduction of Area	Specification for Nuts
el	ASTM F1554 Grade 36 (A 307 Gr.C) ¹	psi (MPa)	58,000 (400)	36,000 (250)	1.61	23	40	ASTM A194 Grade A
on Steel	ASTM A193 Grade B7 ¹	psi (MPa)	125,000 (860)	105,000 (725)	1.19	16	50	ASTM A194
Carbon	ISO 898-1 Class 5.8 ¹	psi (MPa)	72,500 (500)	58,000 (400)	1.25	22	35	DIN 934 (Grade 6)
	ISO 898-1 Class 8.8 ²	psi (MPa)	116,000 (800)	92,800 (640)	1.25	12	52	DIN 934 (Grade 8)
	ASTM F593 CW1 (1/4 – 5/8) ²	psi (MPa)	100,000 (690)	65,000 (450)	1.54	20	-	F594
	ASTM F593 CW2 (3/4 – 1 1/4) ²	psi (MPa)	85,000 (585)	45,000 (310)	1.89	25	1	F594
ss Steel	ASTM F593 SH1 ²	psi (MPa)	115,000 (800)	90,000 (620)	1.28	12	-	-
Stainless	ASTM F593 SH2 ²	psi (MPa)	105,000 (725)	70,000 (480)	1.50	15	-	-
Š	ASTM F593 SH3 ²	psi (MPa)	95,000 (655)	55,000 (380)	1.73	20	-	-
	ISO 3506-1 A4-70 ²	psi (MPa)	101,500 (700)	65,250 (450)	1.56	40	-	ISO 4032
	ISO 3506-1 A4-80 ²	psi (MPa)	116,000 (800)	87,000 (600)	1.33	30	-	-

Rods are considered ductile steel elements in accordance with Sections 4.3.4.1, 4.3.4.2, and 4.3.5 of this report.

TABLE 4 – SPECIFICATIONS AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF COMMON STEEL DEFORMED REINFORCING BARS

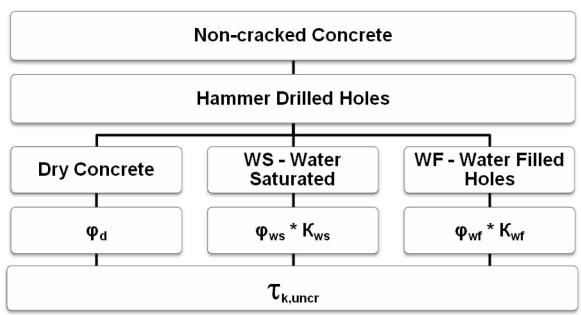
Reinforcing Bar Specification	Units	Minimum Specified Ultimate Strength, f _{uta}	Minimum Specified Yield Strength, fya
ASTM A615 Grade 40	Psi	60,000	40,000
	(MPa)	(415)	(275)
ASTM A615 Grade 60	Psi	90,000	60,000
	(MPa)	(620)	(415)
DIN 488 BSt 500	Psi	79,750	72,500
	(MPa)	(550)	(500)

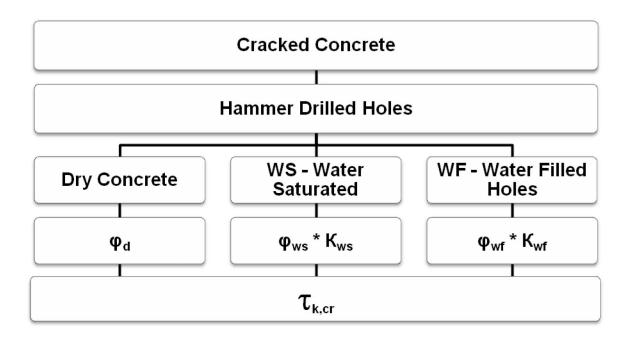
² Rods are considered brittle steel elements in accordance with Sections 4.3.4.1, 4.3.4.2, and 4.3.5 of this report.

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FIGURE 1 – FLOW CHART FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF DESIGN BOND STRENGTH







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TABLE 5 – STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR US CUSTOMARY STEEL THREADED RODS AND REINFORCING BAR STEEL GRADES $^{\rm I}$

	Characteristic	Symbol	Units		Nomi	nal Anchor	Element Diameter			
	Nominal Anchor Diameter	d_a	inch	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	1	1-1/4	
	Stress Area ²	A_{se}	in. ²	0.078	0.142	0.226	0.334	0.606	0.969	
	Tension Resistance of Carbon Steel ASTM F 1554 Grade 36 (A 307 Gr. C)	N_{sa}	lb (kN)	4495 (20.0)	8230 (36.6)	13110 (58.3)	19370 (86.2)	35150 (156.4)	56200 (250.0)	
	Tension Resistance of Carbon Steel ASTM A 193 B7	N_{sa}	lb (kN)	9690 (43.1)	17740 (78.9)	28250 (125.7)	41750 (185.7)	75750 (337.0)	121125 (538.8)	
	Tension Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F 593 CW1	N_{sa}	lb (kN)	7750 (34.5)	14190 (63.1)	22600 (100.5)	-	-	-	
	Tension Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F 593 CW2	N_{sa}	lb (kN)	-	-	-	28390 (126.3)	51510 (229.1)	82365 (366.4)	
	Tension Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F 593 SH1	N_{sa}	lb (kN)	8915 (39.7)	16320 (72.6)	25990 (115.6)	-	-	-	
ls	Tension Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F 593 SH2	N_{sa}	lb (kN)	-	-	-	35070 (156.0)	63630 (283.0)	-	
Fractional Threaded Rods	Tension Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F 593 SH3	N_{sa}	lb (kN)	-	-	-	-	-	92055 (409.5)	
Thread	Shear Resistance of Carbon Steel ASTM F 1554 Grade 36 (A 307 Gr. C)	V_{sa}	lb (kN)	2250 (10.0)	4940 (22.0)	7865 (35.0)	11625 (51.7)	21090 (93.8)	33720 (150.0)	
ional T	Shear Resistance of Carbon Steel ASTM A 193 B7	V_{sa}	lb (kN)	4845 (21.6)	10645 (47.4)	16950 (75.4)	25050 (111.4)	45450 (202.2)	72675 (323.3)	
Fract	Shear Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F 593 CW1	V_{sa}	lb (kN)	3875 (17.2)	7095 (31.6)	11300 (50.3)	-	-	-	
	Shear Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F 593 CW2	V_{sa}	lb (kN)	-	-	-	14195 (63.1)	25755 (114.6)	41185 (183.2)	
	Shear Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F 593 SH1	V_{sa}	lb (kN)	4455 (19.8)	9790 (43.5)	15595 (69.4)	-	-	-	
	Shear Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F 593 SH2	V_{sa}	lb (kN)	-	-	-	17535 (78.0)	31815 (141.5)	-	
	Shear Resistance of Stainless Steel ASTM F 593 SH3	V_{sa}	lb (kN)	-	-	-	-	-	46030 (204.8)	
	Strength Reduction Factor for Tension Steel Failure ³	ϕ	-			0.	75			
	Strength Reduction Factor for Shear Steel Failure ³	φ	-			0.	65			
	Reduction for Seismic Shear	$\alpha_{V,seis}$	-	0.80	0.80	0.79	0.79	0.75	0.75	
	Nominal Anchor Diameter	d_a	inch	#3	#4	#5	#6	#8	#10	
	Stress Area ²	A_{se}	in. ²	0.11	0.20	0.31	0.44	0.79	1.27	
	Tension Resistance of Reinforcing Bars ASTM A 615 Grade 40	N_{sa}	lb (kN)	6600 (29.4)	12000 (53.4)	18600 (82.7)	26400 (117.4)	47400 (210.8)	76200 (339)	
g Bar	Tension Resistance of Reinforcing Bars ASTM A 615 Grade 60	N_{sa}	lb (kN)	9900 (44.0)	18000 (80.1)	27900 (124.1)	39600 (176.1)	71100 (316.3)	114300 (509.4)	
forcin	Shear Resistance of Reinforcing Bars ASTM A 615 Grade 40	V_{sa}	lb (kN)	3960 (17.6)	7200 (32.0)	11160 (49.6)	15840 (70.5)	28440 (126.5)	45720 (203.4)	
US Reinforcing	Shear Resistance of Reinforcing Bars ASTM A 615 Grade 60	V_{sa}	lb (kN)	5940 (26.4)	10800 (48.0)	16740 (74.5)	23760 (105.7)	42660 (189.8)	68580 (305.1)	
Ď	Strength Reduction Factor for Tension Steel Failure ³	φ	-			0.	75			
	Strength Reduction Factor for Shear Steel Failure ³	φ	-			0.	65			
<u></u>	Reduction for Seismic Shear	$lpha_{V,seis}$	_	0.78	0.78	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	

¹ Values provided for common rod material types are based on specified strength and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.1.2), ACI 318-14 Eq. (17.4.1.2) and Eq. (17.5.1.2b) or ACI 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-29). Nuts and washers shall be appropriate for the rod as set forth in Table 3 of this report.

² Stress area is the minimum stress area applicable for either tension or shear.

³ Tabulated value of ϕ complies with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3, or ACI 318-11 D.4.3 and applies when the load combinations of 1605.1 of the IBC or ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2 are used. When the load combinations in ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.



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TABLE 6 – STEEL DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC THREADED ROD AND REINFORCING BAR STEEL GRADES^1

			1	1										
	Characteristic	Symbol	Units					Nom	inal A	nchor E	lement Diam	eter		
	Nominal Anchor Diameter	d_a	mm	M8	M1	0	M1	2	N	116	M20	M24	M27	M30
	Stress Area ²	A_{se}	mm ²	36.6	58.	0	84	.3	15	57.0	245.0	353.0	459.0	561.0
	Tension Resistance of Carbon Steel ISO 898 Class 5.8	N_{sa}	kN (lb)	18.3 (4414)	29. (651		42 (94)	-		8.5 7647)	122.5 (27539)	176.5 (39679)	229.5 (51594)	280.5 (63059)
	Tension Resistance of Carbon Steel ISO 898 Class 8.8	N_{sa}	kN (lb)	29.3 (6582)	46. (104.		67 (151			25.5 3236)	196.0 (44063)	282.5 (63486)	367.0 (82550)	449.0 (100894)
	Tension Resistance of Stainless Steel ISO 3506-1 A4-70	N_{sa}	kN (lb)	26.0 (5845)	40. (912	-	59 (132)9.9 1707)	171.5 (38555)	247.1 (55550)	321.0 (72163)	392.7 (88282)
spor	Tension Resistance of Stainless Steel ISO 3506-1 A4-80	N_{sa}	kN (lb)	29.0 (6519)	46. (104.		67 (151			25.6 3236)	196.0 (44063)	282.4 (63486)	367.0 (82504)	448.8 (100894)
readed R	Shear Resistance of Carbon Steel ISO 898 Class 5.8	V_{sa}	kN (lb)	11.0 (2648)	14. (326		25 (568			7.0 0588)	73.5 (16523)	106.0 (23807)	137.5 (30956)	168.5 (37835)
Metric Threaded Rods	Shear Resistance of Carbon Steel ISO 898 Class 8.8	V_{sa}	kN (lb)	17.6 (3949)	23. (521		40 (909			(5.5 (5942)	117.5 (26438)	169.5 (38.092)	220.5 (49530)	269.5 (60537)
~	Shear Resistance of Stainless Steel ISO 3506-1 A4-70	V_{sa}	kN (lb)	13.0 (2922)	24. (547		35 (790			5.9 1824)	102.9 (32133)	148.3 (33330)	161.0 (36194)	235.6 (52969)
	Shear Resistance of Stainless Steel ISO 3506-1 A4-80	V_{sa}	kN (lb)	15.0 (3372)	27. (625	-	40 (909	-		(5.4 (5942)	117.6 (26438)	169.4 (38092)	184.0 (41364)	269.3 (60537)
	Strength Reduction Factor for Tension Steel Failure ³	φ	-							0.6	5			
	Strength Reduction Factor for Shear Steel Failure ³	φ	-							0.6	0			
	Reduction for Seismic Shear	$lpha_{V,seis}$	-	0.80	0.8	0	0.8	30	0	.79	0.79	0.75	0.75	0.75
	Nominal Anchor Diameter	d_a	mm	8	10		12	1		20	25		-	32
	Stress Area ²	A_{se}	mm ²	50.8	78.5	11	3.0	20	1.0	314	419	1	-	804
ar	Tension Resistance of Reinforcing Bars DIN 488 B St 500	N_{sa}	kN (lb)	27.5 (6215)	43.2 (9706)		2.2 972)	110 (248		172.7 (38825			-	442.2 (99.411)
Metric Rebar	Shear Resistance of Reinforcing Bars DIN 488 B St 500	V_{sa}	kN (lb)	16.5 (3729)	25.9 5824)		7.3 383)	66 (149		103.6 (23295			-	265.3 (59.646)
M	Strength Reduction Factor for Tension Steel Failure ³	φ	-							0.6	5			
	Strength Reduction Factor for Shear Steel Failure ³	φ	-	0.60										
	Reduction for Seismic Shear	$lpha_{V,seis}$	-	0.80	0.80	0.	.79	0.	79	0.75	0.75		=	0.75

¹ Values provided for common rod material types are based on specified strength and calculated in accordance with ACI 318-19 Eq. (17.6.1.2), ACI 318-14 Eq. (17.4.1.2) and Eq. (17.5.1.2b) or ACI 318-11 Eq. (D-2) and Eq. (D-29). Nuts and washers shall be appropriate for the rod as set forth in Table 3 of this report.

² Stress area is the minimum stress area applicable for either tension or shear.

³ Tabulated value of ϕ complies with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3, or ACI 318-11 D.4.3 and applies when the load combinations of 1605.1 of the IBC or ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14 5.3 or ACI 318-11 9.2 are used. When the load combinations in ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

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TABLE 7 – CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONALLY-SIZED THREADED RODS AND US REINFORCING BARS

			1	Nominal Anch	or Element Dia	meter – Threa	ded Rod (Reb	ar)	
Design Information	Symbol	Units	3/8"	1/2"	5/8"	3/4"	1"	1-1/4"	
			#3	#4	#5	#6	#8	#10	
Effectiveness Factor for Cracked Concrete	$k_{c,cr}$	in-lb (SI)				17 7.1)			
Effectiveness Factor for Uncracked Concrete	$k_{c,uncr}$	in-lb (SI)	24 (10)						
Minimum Embedment Depth (Threaded Rod)	$h_{e\!f,min}$	in.	2-3/8	2-3/4	3-1/8	3-1/2	4	5	
Maximum Embedment Depth (Threaded Rod)	$h_{ef,max}$	in.	7-1/2	10	12-1/2	15	20	25	
Minimum Embedment Depth (Rebar)			2-3/8	3	3-3/4	4-1/2	6	7-1/2	
Maximum Embedment Depth (Rebar)			7-1/2	10	12-1/2	15	20	25	
Minimum Edge Distance	C_{min}	in.			0.	5 h _{ef}			
Minimum Anchor Spacing	S_{min}	in.			0.	5 h _{ef}			
Critical Edge Distance	c_{ac}	in.			See Section 3.1	.10 of this repo	rt		
Minimum Concrete Thickness	h_{min}	in.	2.0 h _{ef}						
Strength Reduction Factor for Tension, Concrete Failure Modes, Condition B	φ	-	0.65						
Strength Reduction Factor for Shear, Concrete Failure Modes, Condition B	φ	-	0.70						

NOTE: For overhead and upwardly inclined installations only, Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Tropical is limited to a maximum embedment depth of 18da.

TABLE 8 – CONCRETE BREAKOUT DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC-SIZED THREADED RODS AND METRIC-SIZED REINFORCING BARS

		Nominal Anchor Element Diameter								
Design Information	Symbol	Units	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
			8mm	10mm	12mm	16mm	20mm	25mm	27mm	32mm
Effectiveness Factor for Cracked Concrete	$k_{c,cr}$	in-lb					17			
Effectiveness ractor for Cracked Concrete	$\kappa_{c,cr}$	(SI)				(7	7.1)			
Effectiveness Factor for Uncracked Concrete	$k_{c,uncr}$	in-lb				-	24			
Effectiveness ractor for offeracked conferen	N _{C,uncr}	(SI)				(10)			
Minimum Embedment Depth for Threaded Rods	$h_{ef,min}$	Mm	60	70	80	90	90	102	108	128
William Emocament Bepair for Timeaded Roas	rrej,min	1,1111	- 00	,,,	00	,,	,,	102	100	120
Maximum Embedment Depth for Threaded Rods	$h_{ef,max}$	Mm	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
	r ej,max	1,111	100		2.0	520		.00	0.0	
Minimum Embedment Depth for Rebars	$h_{ef,min}$	Mm	60	70	80	96	120	150	_	192
	· · · · · · · ·			, ,						
Maximum Embedment Depth for Rebars	$h_{ef,max}$	Mm	160	200	240	320	400	500	-	640
1	9,									
Minimum Edge Distance	C_{min}	in.				0.:	5 h _{ef}			
<u> </u>										
Minimum Anchor Spacing	S_{min}	in.				0.:	5 h _{ef}			
1 0										
Critical Edge Distance	c_{ac}	in.			See	Section 3.1	.10 of this r	eport		
_										
Minimum Concrete Thickness	h_{min}	in.				2.0	0 h _{ef}			
Strength Reduction Factor for Tension, Concrete Failure Modes, Condition B	ϕ	-				0	.65			
<i>'</i>										
Strength Reduction Factor for Shear, Concrete	ϕ	-				0	.70			
Failure Modes, Condition B	·									

NOTE: For overhead and upwardly inclined installations only, Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Tropical is limited to a maximum embedment depth of 18da.

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TABLE 9 – BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR FRACTIONAL STEEL THREADED RODS IN HAMMER-DRILLED HOLES

Б	•		*** **		Nomin	al Anchor	Element Di	iameter	
Design In	tormation	Symbol	Units	3/8"	1/2"	5/8"	3/4"	20 925 (6.35) 925 (6.35) 2 0.55 2 0.55 3 0.45 1 0.65	1-1/4"
Minimum Embed	ment Depth	h _{ef,min}	Inch	2-3/8	2-3/4	3-1/8	3-1/2	4	5
Maximum Embed	lment Depth ⁶	h _{ef,max}	Inch	7-1/2	10	12-1/2	15	20	25
Characteristic Bor Uncracked Concre Tension Loading ²	ete for Sustained	Tk,sust,uncr	Psi (N/mm²)	1325 (9.10)	1270 (8.75)	1185 (8.15)	1095 (7.50)		755 (5.20)
Characteristic Bor Cracked Concrete Tension Loading ²	for Sustained	Tk,sust,cr	Psi (N/mm²)	1325 (9.10)	1270 (8.75)	1185 (8.15)	1095 (7.50)		755 (5.20)
	Dry Concrete	Anchor Category	-	1	1	1	1	2	3
Permissible		ϕ_d	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.55	0.45
Installation Conditions,	Water-saturated	Anchor Category	-	1	2	2	2	2	2
Periodic Special	Concrete	ϕ_{ws}	-	0.65	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55
Inspection	Water-filled	Anchor Category	-	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Holes	ϕ_{wf}	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
D : 11	Dry Concrete	Anchor Category	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Permissible Installation	•	ϕ_d	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
Conditions,	Water-saturated	Anchor Category	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Continuous Special	Concrete	ϕ_{ws}	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
Inspection	Water-filled Holes	Anchor Category	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
	110168	ϕ_{wf}	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
Reduction for Sei	smic Tension	\alpha_N.seis	-	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength, $f_c = 2,500 \text{ psi}$ (17.2 MPa). Bond strength values shall not be increased for concrete compressive strength.

² Maximum long term temperature: 122°F (+50°C); maximum short-term temperature: 176°F (+80°C).

³ Short-term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. transient or part of a regular cycle of heating and cooling, such as day-night temperature rise and fall. Long-term elevated concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴ The tabulated value of φ applies when load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC or ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14 5.3, or ACI 318-11 9.2, are used in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of φ shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

⁵ The values of φ correspond to Condition B as described in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3, or ACI 318-11 D.4.3 for post-installed anchors designed using the load combinations of IBC Section 1605.2. If the load combinations in ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the corresponding value of φ shall be determined.

⁶ For overhead and upwardly inclined installations, the Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Tropical system is limited to h_{ef,max} = 18d_a.

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TABLE 10 – BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC STEEL THREADED RODS IN HAMMER-DRILLED HOLES

D I	C	Cl1	TI*4			Nominal	Anchor	Element I	Diameter		
Design In	iormation	Symbol	Units	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Minimum Emb	edment Depth	h _{ef,min}	mm	60	70	80	90	90	102	108	128
Maximum Emb	edment Depth ⁶	h _{ef,max}	mm	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
Characteristic E in Uncracked C Sustained Tensi	oncrete for	Tk,sust,uncr	N/mm ² (psi)	9.35 (1360)	9.00 (1305)	8.65 (1255)	7.90 (1150)	7.20 (1045)	6.45 (940)	5.90 (860)	5.35 (780)
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete for Sustained Tension Loading ^{2,3}		Tk,sust,cr	N/mm ² (psi)	6.90 (1000)	6.90 (1000)	6.20 (900)	6.20 (900)	5.50 (800)	4.95 (720)	4.45 (650)	4.05 (590)
	Dry	Anchor Category	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3
Permissible Installation	Concrete	ϕ_d	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.45	0.45
Conditions,	Water- saturated	Anchor Category	-	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2
Periodic Special	Concrete	ϕ_{ws}	-	0.65	0.65	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55
Inspection	Water-filled Holes	Anchor Category	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Tioles	ϕ_{wf}	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
D : 11	Dry Concrete	Anchor Category	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Permissible Installation	Concrete	ϕ_d	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
Conditions,	Water- saturated	Anchor Category	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Special	Concrete	ϕ_{ws}	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
Inspection	Water-filled Holes	Anchor Category	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	noies	ϕ_{wf}	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
Reduction for S	eismic Tension	AN.seis	-	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength, $f_c = 2,500 \text{ psi}$ (17.2 MPa). Bond strength values shall not be increased for concrete compressive strength.

² Maximum long term temperature: 122°F (+50°C); maximum short-term temperature: 176°F (+80°C).

³ Short-term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. transient or part of a regular cycle of heating and cooling, such as day-night temperature rise and fall. Long-term elevated concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴ The tabulated value of φ applies when load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC or ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14 5.3, or ACI 318-11 9.2, are used in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of φ shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

⁵ The values of φ correspond to Condition B as described in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3, or ACI 318-11 D.4.3 for post-installed anchors designed using the load combinations of IBC Section 1605.2. If the load combinations in ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the corresponding value of φ shall be determined.

⁶ For overhead and upwardly inclined installations, the Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Tropical system is limited to h_{ef.max} = 18d_a.

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TABLE 11 – BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR US REINFORCING BARS IN HAMMER-DRILLED HOLES USED AS ANCHOR ELEMENTS

Dagiem In	£	Carrah al	T124-0	Nomi	nal Anchor	Element Dia	meter		
Design in	formation	Symbol	Units	#3	#4	#5	#6	#8	#10
Minimum Embe	edment Depth	hef,min	inch	2-3/8	3	3-1/4	4-1/2	6	7 ½
Maximum Emb	edment Depth ⁶	h _{ef,max}	inch	7-1/2	10	12-1/2	15	20	25
Uncracked Con Sustained Tensi	on Loading ^{2,3}	Tk,sust,uncr	psi (N/mm²)	1260 (8.65)	1170 (8.05)	1085 (7.45)	1000 (6.90)	820 (5.65)	645 (4.45)
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete for Sustained Tension Loading ^{2,3}		Tk,sust,cr	psi (N/mm²)	1045 (7.20)	950 (6.55)	910 (6.25)	860 (5.90)	730 (5.00)	580 (4.00)
D : 111	Dry Concrete	Anchor Category	-	1	1	1	1	2	3
Permissible Installation	-	ϕ_d	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.55	0.45
Conditions,	Water- saturated	Anchor Category	-	1	2	2	2	2	2
Periodic Special	Concrete	ϕ_{ws}	-	0.65	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55
Inspection	Water-filled	Anchor Category	-	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Holes	ϕ_{wf}	-	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
D : 11	Dry Concrete	Anchor Category	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Permissible Installation		ϕ_d	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
Conditions,	Water- saturated	Anchor Category	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Continuous Special	Concrete	φws	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
Inspection	Water-filled Holes	Anchor Category	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Holes	ϕ_{wf}	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65
Reduction for S	eismic Tension	AN.seis	-	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

¹ Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strengths, $f_c = 2,500 \text{ psi}$ (17.2 MPa). Bond strength values shall not be increased for concrete compressive strength.

² Maximum long term temperature: 122°F (+50°C); maximum short-term temperature: 176°F (+80°C).

³ Short-term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. transient or part of a regular cycle of heating and cooling, such as day-night temperature rise and fall. Long-term elevated concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴ The tabulated value of φ applies when load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC or ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14 5.3, or ACI 318-11 9.2, are used in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of φ shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

⁵ The values of φ correspond to Condition B as described in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3, or ACI 318-11 D.4.3 for post-installed anchors designed using the load combinations of IBC Section 1605.2. If the load combinations in ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the corresponding value of φ shall be determined.

⁶ For overhead and upwardly inclined installations, the Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Tropical system is limited to h_{ef,max} = 18da.

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TABLE 12 – BOND STRENGTH DESIGN INFORMATION FOR METRIC REINFORCING BARS IN HAMMER-DRILLED HOLES USED AS ANCHOR ELEMENTS

Design Information		Crumb ol	T1:4	Nominal Anchor Element Diameter								
Design Ini	ormation	Symbol	Units	Ø8mm	Ø10mm	Ø12mm	Ø16mm	Ø20mm	Ø25mm	Ø32mm		
Minimum Embedment Depth		h _{ef,min}	mm	60	70	80	96	120	150	192		
Depth ⁶	Maximum Embedment Depth ⁶		mm	160	200	240	320	400	500	640		
Characteristic Strength in U Concrete for Tension Load	ncracked Sustained	Tk,sust,uncr	N/mm ² (psi)	9.00 (1305)	8.60 (1250)	8.20 (1190)	7.45 (1080)	6.65 (970)	5.75 (835)	4.40 (640)		
Characteristic Bond Strength in Cracked Concrete for Sustained Tension Loading ^{2,3}		T _{k,sust,} Cr	N/mm ² (psi)	5.10 (745)	5.00 (730)	4.45 (650)	4.30 (630)	3.80 (570)	3.35 (490)	2.50 (365)		
	Dry Concrete Water- saturated Concrete Water- filled Holes	Anchor Category	-	1	1	1	1	1	2	3		
Permissible Installation		ϕ_d	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.55	0.45		
Conditions, Periodic		Anchor Category	-	1	1	2	2	2	2	2		
Special		ϕ_{ws}	-	0.65	0.65	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.55		
Inspection		Anchor Category	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
		ϕ_{wf}	-	3	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45		
D : 11	Dry	Anchor Category	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Permissible Installation	Concrete	ϕ_d	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65		
Conditions,	Water- saturated	Anchor Category	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Continuous Special	Concrete	ϕ_{ws}	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65		
Inspection	Water- filled	Anchor Category	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
	Holes	ϕ_{wf}	-	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65		
Reduction for Tension	Reduction for Seismic		-	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		

¹Bond strength values correspond to concrete compressive strength, $f_c = 2,500 \text{ psi}$ (17.2 MPa). Bond strength values shall not be increased for concrete compressive strength.

² Maximum long term temperature: 122°F (+50°C); maximum short-term temperature: 176°F (+80°C).

³ Short-term elevated concrete temperatures are those that occur over brief intervals, e.g. transient or part of a regular cycle of heating and cooling, such as day-night temperature rise and fall. Long-term elevated concrete temperatures are roughly constant over significant periods of time.

⁴ The tabulated value of ϕ applies when load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC or ACI 318-19, ACI 318-14 5.3, or ACI 318-11 9.2, are used in accordance with ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 D.4.3. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of ϕ shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 D.4.4.

⁵ The values of φ correspond to Condition B as described in ACI 318-19 17.5.3, ACI 318-14 17.3.3, or ACI 318-11 D.4.3 for post-installed anchors designed using the load combinations of IBC Section 1605.2. If the load combinations in ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the corresponding value of φ shall be determined.

⁶ For overhead and upwardly inclined installations, the Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Tropical system is limited to h_{ef,max} = 18d_a.

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FIGURE 2 – SIKA ANCHORFIX®-2020 ADHESIVE ANCHOR SYSTEM PACKAGING CONFIGURATIONS



Sika AnchorFix®-2020 300ml CiC



Sika AnchorFix®-2020 825ml side-by-side Single Component Cartridge with Foil Pack:

150 ml (5.28 fl.oz.) 170 ml (5.98 fl.oz.) 300 ml (10.55 fl.oz.) 550 ml (19.36 fl.oz.) 850 ml (29.92 fl.oz.)

Coaxial Cartridge:

150 ml (5.28 fl.oz.) 280 ml (9.85 fl.oz.) 380 ml (13.37 fl.oz.)

Side-by-Side Cartridge 350 ml (12.32 fl.oz.) 825 ml (29.04 fl.oz.)

FIGURE 3 – MIXER NOZZLES



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FIGURE 4 – HOLE CLEANING BRUSHES



Hole cleaning brush with loop handle



Hole cleaning brush with male ferrule



Hole cleaning brush extension piece



Hole cleaning brush extension handle

Hole Cleaning Brush	H14	H20	H29	H40
Brush Diameter, db	14 mm	20 mm	29 mm	40 mm

FIGURE 5 – EXTENSION TUBES AND RESIN STOPPERS



Left to right: $^3/_8$ " (9 mm) Ø extension tube, $^9/_{16}$ " (14 mm) Ø extension tube, resin stoppers

^{*}for use with Sika AnchorFix®-2020, Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Arctic, Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Tropical/850 mL only



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FIGURE 6 – DISPENSING TOOLS

A - Manual Coaxial Dispenser



B – Manual Side-by-Side Dispenser



C – Manual 1K Dispenser



D – Manual 1K Dispenser



E – Manual Coaxial Dispenser



 $F-Manual\ Side-by-Side\ Dispenser$



G – Manual 1K Dispenser (850 ml)



H – Pneumatic Side-by-Side Dispenser



I – Battery Coaxial Dispenser



J – Battery Side-by-Side Dispenser





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Contrides	Dispensing Tool									
Cartridge	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	ı	J
Sika AnchorFix®-2020, Arctic, Tropical/150 ml (5.28 fl.oz)					✓				✓	
Sika AnchorFix®-2020, Arctic, Tropical /280 ml (9.85 fl.oz)	✓								✓	
Sika AnchorFix®-2020, Arctic, Tropical/380 ml (13.37 fl.oz)	√								✓	
Side-by-Side Cartridge	✓								✓	
Sika AnchorFix®-2020, Arctic, Tropical /350 ml (12.32 fl.oz)		✓								
Sika AnchorFix®-2020, Arctic, Tropical /825 ml (29.04 fl.oz)						✓		✓		✓
Single Component Cartridge with Foil Pack			✓	✓						
Sika AnchorFix®-2020, Arctic, Tropical /150 ml (5.28 fl.oz)			✓	✓						
Sika AnchorFix®-2020, Arctic, Tropical /300 ml (10.55 fl.oz)			✓	✓						
Sika AnchorFix®-2020, Arctic, Tropical /550 ml (19.36 fl.oz)			✓							
Sika AnchorFix®-2020, Arctic, Tropical /850 ml (29.92 fl.oz)							✓			
Sika AnchorFix®-2020, Arctic, Tropical/150 ml (5.28 fl.oz)				✓						

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TABLE 13 – INSTALLATION TOOLS FOR FRACTIONAL AND US CUSTOMARY-SIZED ANCHORS

					Cleaning	Extension Tube and Resin Stopper Combinations					
Anc	hor Size	h _{ef,min} (inch)	h _{ef,max} (inch)	d _o (inch)	Brush db (inch)	SAF KW	SAF Q2	SAF KR			
	3/8"	2-3/8	7-1/2	1/2	H14	✓	√	√	Straight Extensions when h _{ef} > 4-1/2"		
	1/2"	2-3/4	10	9/16	H20	✓	✓	✓	Straight Extensions when h _{ef} > 5"		
Threaded Rods	5/8"	3-1/8	12-1/2	11/16	H20	✓	√	√	Straight Extensions when $h_{ef} > 6-1/2$ " Flexible Tubes when $h_{ef} > 8$ "		
hreade	3/4"	3-1/2	15	13/16	H29	✓	√	✓	Flexible Tubes with RS18 when h _{ef} > 8"		
T	1"	4	20	1-1/16	H29	✓	√	√	Flexible Tubes with RS22		
	1-1/4"	5	25	1-3/8	H40	✓	√	✓	Flexible Tubes with RS30		
	#3	2-3/8	7-1/2	9/16	H20	✓	√	√	Straight Extensions when h _{ef} > 5"		
	#4	3	10	5/8	H20	✓	✓	√	Straight Extensions when h _{ef} > 5"		
Rebar	#5	3 3/4	12-1/2	3/4	H29	✓	√	✓	Flexible Tubes with RS18 when h _{ef} > 8"		
Rel	#6	4-1/2	15	1	H29	✓	√	✓	Flexible Tubes with RS22 when hef > 8"		
	#8	6	20	1 1/4	H40	✓	√	✓	Flexible Tubes with RS30		
	#10	7 ½	25	1 5/8	H40	✓	✓	✓	Flexible Tubes with RS36		

Straight Extensions = 11 mm diameter extension tube (cut to suit anchor embedment) attached to mixer nozzle, not compatible with Q2 High Flow/ Q2 mixer nozzle. Flexible Tubes = 14 mm diameter extension tube (cut to suit anchor embedment) attached to Q2 High Flow/ Q2 mixer nozzle.

RS18 = Resin stopper, 18 mm outside diameter

RS22 = Resin stopper, 22 mm outside diameter

RS30 = Resin stopper, 30 mm outside diameter

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TABLE 14 – INSTALLATION TOOLS FOR METRIC-SIZED ANCHORS

				h _{ef,max} (mm)		Cleaning		Ex	tension Tub	e and Resin Stopper Combinations
Anc	hor Size	h _{ef,min} (mm)	Brush d _b (mm)			SAF KW	SAF Q2	SAF KR		
	M8	60	160	10	H14	✓	✓	✓	N/A	
	M10	70	200	12	H14	✓	✓	✓	Straight Extensions when h _{ef} > 115 mm	
s	M12	80	240	16	H20	✓	✓	✓	Straight Extensions when h _{ef} > 125 mm	
Threaded Rods	M16	90	320	18	H20	✓	✓	✓	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Straight Extensions when h_{ef}>$ 160 \text{ mm}} \\ \text{Flexible Tubes when h_{ef}>$ 200 \text{mm}} \end{array}$	
hread	M20	90	400	22	H29	✓	✓	✓	Flexible Tubes with RS18 when $h_{\rm ef} > 200 \ mm$	
T	M24	102	480	26	H29	✓	✓	✓	Flexible Tubes with RS22	
	M27	108	540	30	H40	✓	✓	✓	Flexible Tubes with RS22	
	M30	128	600	35	H40	✓	✓	✓	Flexible Tubes with RS30	
	Ø8	60	160	12	H14	✓	✓	✓	Straight Extensions when h _{ef} > 115 mm	
	Ø10	70	200	14	H20	✓	✓	✓	Straight Extensions when h _{ef} > 125 mm	
	Ø12	80	240	16	H20	✓	✓	✓	Straight Extensions when h _{ef} > 150 mm	
Rebar	Ø16	96	320	20	H24	√	✓	✓	Flexible Tubes with RS18 when h _{ef} > 180 mm	
	Ø20	120	400	24	H29	✓	✓	✓	PMI081 with RS22	
	Ø25	150	500	32	H40	✓	✓	✓	PMI081 with RS30	
	Ø32	192	640	40	H40	✓	✓	✓	PMI081 with RS36	

Straight Extensions = 11 mm diameter extension tube (cut to suit anchor embedment) attached to mixer nozzle, not compatible with Q2 High Flow/Q2 mixer nozzle. Flexible Tubes = 14 mm diameter extension tube (cut to suit anchor embedment) attached to Q2 High Flow/ Q2 mixer nozzle.

RS18 = Resin stopper, 18 mm outside diameter

RS22 = Resin stopper, 22 mm outside diameter RS30 = Resin stopper, 30 mm outside diameter

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FIGURE 7 – MANUFACTURER'S PRINTED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (MPII)

Sika AnchorFix®-2020: Installation Instructions Installation for Anchors between Horizontal and Downward Orientations

Before commencing installation ensure the operative is equipped with appropriate personal protection equipment, SDS hammer drill, air lance, hole cleaning brush, good quality dispensing tool (either manual or power operated), chemical cartridge with mixing nozzle and extension tube, if needed.

Important: check the expiration date on the cartridge (do not use expired material) and that the cartridge has been stored in its original packaging, the correct way up, in cool conditions (41°F to 77°F / 5°C to 25°C) out of direct sunlight.

Installation of Sika AnchorFix®-2020 is limited to the following temperature ranges:

Sika AnchorFix®-2020:

minimum installation temperature: 14°F (-10°C); maximum installation temperature: 95°F (+35°C) minimum installation temperature: 14°F (-10°C); maximum installation temperature: 68°F (+20°C)

minimum installation temperature: 59°F (+15°C); maximum installation temperature: 104°F (+40°C)

Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Arctic: Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Tropical:

Using the SDS Hammer Drill in rotary hammer mode for drilling, with a carbide tipped drill bit (ANSI B212.15-1994) of the appropriate size, drill the hole to the specified hole diameter and

Insert the air lance to the bottom of the hole and blow out the hole by depressing the trigger for approximately 2 seconds.

Compressed air shall be clean and dry with a minimum pressure of 90 psi (6 bar).

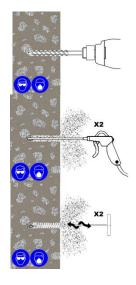
Perform the blowing operation twice.

Select the correct size Hole Cleaning Brush. Ensure that the brush is in good condition and the correct diameter. Insert the brush to the bottom of the hole, using a brush extension if needed to reach the bottom of the hole and withdraw with a twisting motion. There should be positive interaction between the bristles of the brush and the sides of the drilled hole.

Perform the brushing operation twice.

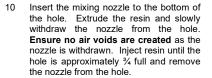
- Repeat 2
- Repeat 3
- Repeat 2
- Select the appropriate static mixer nozzle, checking that the mixing elements are present and correct (do not modify the mixer). Attach mixer nozzle to the cartridge. Check the Dispensing Tool is in good working order. Place the cartridge into the dispensing tool.
- Extrude some resin to waste until an even colored mixture is achieved.

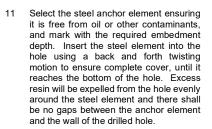
The cartridge is now ready to use.



If required, attach an extension tube with resin stopper to the end of the mixing nozzle with a push fit.

> (The extension tubes may be pushed into the resin stoppers and are held in place with a coarse internal thread).

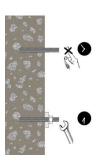


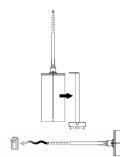


- Clean any excess resin from around the mouth of the hole.
- Do not disturb the anchor until at least the minimum cure time has elapsed. Refer to the Working and Load Timetable to determine the appropriate cure time.
- Position the fixture and tighten the anchor to the appropriate installation torque.

Do not over-torque the anchor as this could adversely affect its performance.







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FIGURE 8 – MANUFACTURER'S PRINTED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (MPII) – CONTINUED

Sika AnchorFix®-2020: Installation Instructions Installation in Water-filled Holes

Before commencing installation ensure the operative is equipped with appropriate personal protection equipment, SDS hammer drill, air lance, hole cleaning brush, good quality dispensing tool (either manual or power operated), chemical cartridge with mixing nozzle and extension tube, if needed.

Remove standing water prior to cleaning to achieve maximum performance.

Important: check the expiration date on the cartridge (do not use expired material) and that the cartridge has been stored in its original packaging, the correct way up, in cool conditions (41°F to 77°F / 5°C to 25°C) out of direct sunlight.

Installation of Sika AnchorFix®-2020 is limited to the following temperature ranges:

Sika AnchorFix®-2020:

minimum installation temperature: 14°F (-10°C); maximum installation temperature: 95°F (+35°C) minimum installation temperature: 14°F (-10°C); maximum installation temperature: 68°F (+20°C)

If required, attach an extension tube with

resin stopper to the end of the mixing

(The extension tubes may be pushed into the resin stoppers and are held in place

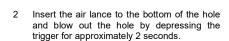
Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Arctic:

Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Tropical:

minimum installation temperature: 59°F (+15°C); maximum installation temperature: 104°F (+40°C)

nozzle with a push fit.

- Using the SDS Hammer Drill in rotary hammer mode for drilling, with a carbide tipped drill bit (ANSI B212.15-1994) of the appropriate size, drill the hole to the specified hole diameter and depth.



Compressed air shall be clean and dry with a minimum pressure of 90 psi (6 bar).

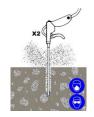
Perform the blowing operation twice.

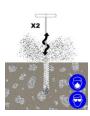
Select the correct size Hole Cleaning Brush. Ensure that the brush is in good condition and the correct diameter. Insert the brush to the bottom of the hole, using a brush extension if needed to reach the bottom of the hole and withdraw with a twisting motion. There should be positive interaction between the bristles of the brush and the sides of the drilled hole

Perform the brushing operation twice.

- Repeat 2
- Repeat 3 5
- Repeat 2





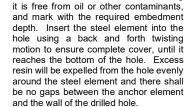


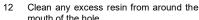
10 Insert the mixing nozzle to the bottom of

with a coarse internal thread).

the hole. Extrude the resin and slowly withdraw the nozzle from the hole. Ensure no air voids are created as the nozzle is withdrawn. Inject resin until the hole is approximately 3/4 full and remove the nozzle from the hole.

Select the steel anchor element ensuring





- 13 Do not disturb the anchor until at least the minimum cure time has elapsed. Refer to the Working and Load Timetable to determine the appropriate cure time.
- mouth of the hole.
- Position the fixture and tighten the anchor to the appropriate installation torque.

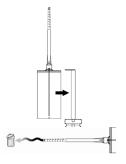
Do not over-torque the anchor as this could adversely affect its performance.







- Select the appropriate static mixer nozzle, checking that the mixing elements are present and correct (do not modify the mixer). Attach mixer nozzle to the cartridge. Check the Dispensing Tool is in good working order. Place the cartridge into the dispensing tool.
- Extrude some resin to waste until an even colored mixture is achieved. The cartridge is now ready to use.



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FIGURE 9 – MANUFACTURER'S PRINTED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (MPII) – CONTINUED

Sika AnchorFix®-2020: Installation Instructions Installation for Anchors Overhead and Upwardly Inclined Orientations

Before commencing installation ensure the operative is equipped with appropriate personal protection equipment, SDS hammer drill, air lance, hole cleaning brush, good quality dispensing tool (either manual or power operated), chemical cartridge with mixing nozzle and extension tube, if needed.

Important: check the expiration date on the cartridge (do not use expired material) and that the cartridge has been stored in its original packaging, the correct way up, in cool conditions (41°F to 77°F / 5°C to 25°C) out of direct sunlight.

Installation of Sika AnchorFix[®]-2020 is limited to the following temperature ranges:

Sika AnchorFix®-2020:

minimum installation temperature: 14°F (-10°C); maximum installation temperature: 95°F (+35°C)

Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Arctic:

minimum installation temperature: 14°F (-10°C); maximum installation temperature: 68°F (+20°C)

Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Tropical:

If required, attach an extension tube with

minimum installation temperature: 59°F (+15°C); maximum installation temperature: 86°F (+30°C) NOTE: For overhead and upwardly inclined installations, Sika AnchorFix®-2020 Tropical is limited to hef,max = 18 da

Using the SDS Hammer Drill in rotary hammer mode for drilling, with a carbide tipped drill bit (ANSI B212.15-1994) of the appropriate size, drill the hole to the specified hole diameter and depth.

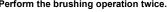


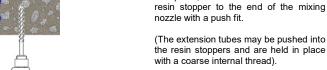
Insert the air lance to the bottom of the hole and blow out the hole by depressing the trigger for approximately 2 seconds.

Compressed air shall be clean and dry with a minimum pressure of 90 psi (6 bar).



Select the correct size Hole Cleaning Brush. Ensure that the brush is in good condition and the correct diameter. Insert the brush to the bottom of the hole, using a brush extension if needed to reach the bottom of the hole and withdraw with a twisting motion. There should be positive interaction between the bristles of the brush and the sides of the drilled hole.









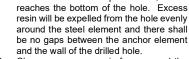
- Perform the brushing operation twice.
- Repeat 2
- Repeat 3
- Repeat 2

Insert the mixing nozzle to the bottom of the hole. Extrude the resin and slowly withdraw the nozzle from the hole. Ensure no air voids are created as the nozzle is withdrawn. Inject resin until the

hole is approximately 3/4 full and remove

Select the steel anchor element ensuring it is free from oil or other contaminants. and mark with the required embedment depth. Insert the steel element into the hole using a back and forth twisting motion to ensure complete cover, until it

the nozzle from the hole.



- Clean any excess resin from around the mouth of the hole.
- Do not disturb the anchor until at least the minimum cure time has elapsed. Refer to the Working and Load Timetable to determine the appropriate cure time.



Position the fixture and tighten the anchor to the appropriate installation torque.

> Do not over-torque the anchor as this could adversely affect its performance.



- Select the appropriate static mixer nozzle, checking that the mixing elements are present and correct (do not modify the mixer). Attach mixer nozzle to the cartridge. Check the Dispensing Tool is in good working order. Place the cartridge into the dispensing tool.
- Extrude some resin to waste until an even colored mixture is achieved.

The cartridge is now ready to use.

