STAINLESS STEEL TITEN HD\textsuperscript{®} SCREW ANCHORS FOR USE IN CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

CSI Division:
03 00 00—CONCRETE
05 00 00—METALS

CSI Section:
03 16 00—Concrete Anchors
05 05 19—Post-installed Concrete Anchors

1.0 SCOPE OF EVALUATION

1.1 Compliance to the following codes & regulations:
- 2017 City of Los Angeles Building Code (LABC) – attached supplement
- 2017 City of Los Angeles Residential Code (LARC) – attached supplement

1.2 Evaluated in accordance with:
- ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Mechanical Anchors in Concrete Elements (AC193), approved October 2017 (Editorially revised April 2018)

1.3 Property assessed:
- Structural

2.0 PRODUCT USE

Simpson Strong-Tie\textsuperscript{®} Stainless Steel Titen HD\textsuperscript{®} Screw Anchors are used to resist static, seismic and wind tension and shear loads in cracked and uncracked normal-weight and lightweight concrete members having a specified compressive strength, \( f'_c \), of 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).

The \( \frac{3}{4} \)-inch (6.4 mm), \( \frac{3}{8} \)-inch-diameter (9.5 mm) and \( \frac{1}{2} \)-inch-diameter (12.7 mm) anchors may be installed in the topside of cracked and uncracked normal-weight or sand-lightweight concrete-filled steel deck having a minimum member thickness, \( h_{min,deck} \), as noted in Table 4 of this report and a specified compressive strength, \( f'_c \), of 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).

The anchoring system is an alternative to anchors described in Section 1901.3 of the 2018 and 2015 IBC, Sections 1908 and 1909 of the 2012 IBC, and Sections 1911 and 1912 of the 2009 and 2006 IBC. The anchors may also be used where an engineered design is submitted in accordance with Section R301.1.3 of the 2018, 2015, 2012, 2009 and 2006 IRC.

3.0 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 Stainless Steel Titen HD\textsuperscript{®} Screw Anchors: The Stainless Steel Titen HD\textsuperscript{®} Screw Anchors are stainless steel threaded anchors with a hex-washer head and a leading hardened carbon steel helical-coil cutting thread. The stainless steel screw anchors are manufactured from AISI Type 316 or Type 304 stainless steel material. The leading hardened carbon steel helical-coil cutting thread is made of carbon steel complying with the manufacturer’s quality documentation. The Type 316 Stainless Steel Titen HD\textsuperscript{®} Screw Anchors are available with nominally \( \frac{3}{4} \)-inch, \( \frac{1}{2} \)-inch, \( \frac{3}{8} \)-inch and \( \frac{1}{4} \)-inch shank diameters, and various lengths in each diameter. The Type 304 Stainless Steel Titen HD\textsuperscript{®} Screw Anchors are available with nominally \( \frac{3}{4} \)-inch, \( \frac{1}{2} \)-inch, \( \frac{3}{8} \)-inch and \( \frac{1}{4} \)-inch shank diameters, and various lengths in each diameter. Figure 1 of this report illustrates a typical Stainless Steel Titen HD\textsuperscript{®} Screw Anchor.

3.2 Concrete: Normal-weight and lightweight concrete shall comply with Sections 1901 and 1903 of the 2018, 2015 and 2012 IBC or Sections 1903 and 1905 of the 2009 and 2006 IBC. The specified compressive strength of the concrete, \( f'_c \), shall be from 2,500 psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPA to 58.6 MPA).

3.3 Profile Steel Deck: The profile steel deck shall comply with the configuration in Figure 3 of this report and have a minimum base steel thickness of 0.035 inch (0.89 mm). Steel deck in Figure 3 of this report shall comply with ASTM A653/A653M SS Grade 50 and have a minimum yield strength of 50 ksi (345 MPA).

4.0 DESIGN AND INSTALLATION

4.1 Strength Design

4.1.1 General: The design strength of anchors under the 2018 and 2015 IBC and Section R301.1.3 of the 2018 and 2015 IRC shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 as amended in IBC Section 1905 and this report. The design strength of anchors under the 2012, 2009 and 2006 IBC and Section R301.1.3 of the 2012, 2009 and 2006 IRC shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318-11 Appendix D and this report.
Design parameters provided in Tables 1 through 4 and in Figures 2 and 3 of this report are based on ACI 318-14 for use with the 2018 and 2015 IBC and ACI 318-11 for use with the 2012, 2009 and 2006 IBC unless noted otherwise in Sections 4.1.1 through 4.1.12 of this report.

The strength design of anchors shall conform to the requirements of ACI 318-14 Section 17.3.1 except as required for earthquake loading in ACI 318-14 Section 17.2.3; or ACI 318-11 Section D.4.1, except as required for earthquake loading in ACI 318-11 Section D.3.3.

Strength reduction factors, $\phi$, described in ACI 318-14 Section 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 Section D.4.3, and noted in Tables 2 and 3 of this report, shall be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with Section 1605.2 of the 2018, 2015, 2012, 2009 or 2006 IBC, ACI 318-14 Section 5.3, and ACI 318-11 Section 9.2, as applicable. Strength reduction factors, $\phi$, described in ACI 318-11 Section D.4.4 shall be used for load combinations calculated in accordance with Appendix C of ACI 318-11. The value of $f'_{c}$ used in the calculations shall be limited to a maximum of 8,000 psi (55.2 MPa), in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.2.7 or ACI 318-11 D.3.7, as applicable. Construction documents shall include information specified in ACI 318-14 Sections 17.7.7 and 26.7, or ACI 318-11 Sections 1.2 and D.8.7.

4.1.2 Requirements for Static Steel Strength in Tension: The nominal steel strength of a single anchor in tension, $N_{sa}$, calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 Section 17.4.1.2 or ACI 318-11 Section D.5.1.2 is given in Table 2 of this report. The strength reduction factors, $\phi$, corresponding to a ductile steel element in accordance with ACI 318-14 Section 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 Section D.4.3 are provided in Table 2 of this report for each anchor size referenced in this report.

4.1.3 Requirements for Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Tension: The nominal static concrete breakout strength of a single screw anchor or group of screw anchors in tension, $N_{cb}$ or $N_{cbg}$, shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 Section 17.4.2 or ACI 318-11 Section D.5.2, as applicable, with modifications as described in this section. The nominal concrete breakout strength in tension in regions of the concrete where analysis indicates no cracking at service load levels or due to effects of restrained shrinkage in accordance with ACI 318-14 Section 17.4.2.6 or ACI 318-11 Section D.5.2.6, shall be calculated using $k_{uncr}$ given in Table 2 of this report and where $\Psi_{cb,N} = 1.0$. The basic concrete breakout strength of a single screw anchor in tension in cracked concrete, $N_{cb}$, shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4.2.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.2.2, as applicable, using the values of $k_{cf}$ and $k_{cb}$ as given in Table 2 of this report. The strength reduction factors, $\phi$, corresponding to concrete breakout and anchor category in accordance with ACI 318-14 Section 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 Section D.4.3 are provided in Table 2 of this report for each anchor size referenced in this report.

4.1.4 Requirements for Static Pullout Strength in Tension: The nominal pullout strength of a single anchor in tension in accordance with ACI 318-14 Sections 17.4.3.1 and 17.4.3.2 or ACI 318-11 Sections D.5.3.1 and D.5.3.2 in cracked and uncracked concrete, $N_{p,cr}$ and $N_{p,uncr}$, respectively is given in Table 2 of this report and shall be used in lieu of $N_{p}$. In regions of a concrete member where analysis indicates no cracking at service level loads or due to effects of restrained shrinkage in accordance with ACI 318-14 Section 17.4.3.6 or ACI 318-11 Section D.5.3.6, as applicable, the nominal pullout strength in uncracked concrete, $N_{p,uncr}$, applies. Where values for $N_{p,cr}$ or $N_{p,uncr}$ are not provided in Table 2 of this report, the pullout strength does not need to be considered in the design. For all design cases, $\Psi_{p,d} = 1.0$. The strength reduction factors, $\phi$, corresponding to pullout and anchor category in accordance with ACI 318-14 Section 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 Section D.4.3 are provided in Table 2 of this report for each anchor size referenced in this report.

4.1.5 Requirements for Static Steel Strength in Shear: The nominal static steel strength of a single screw anchor in shear as governed by the steel, $V_{sa}$, complying with ACI 318-14 Sections 17.5.1.2 or ACI 318-11 Section D.6.1.2 respectively, is given in Table 3 of this report and shall be used in lieu of the values derived by calculation from ACI 318-14 Eq. 17.5.1.2a or ACI 318-11 Eq. D-29, as applicable. The strength reduction factor, $\phi$, corresponding to a ductile steel element shall be used for all anchors, as described in Table 3 of this report. The strength reduction factors, $\phi$, corresponding to a ductile steel element in accordance with ACI 318-14 Section 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 Section D.4.3 are provided in Table 3 of this report for each anchor size referenced in this report.

4.1.6 Requirements for Static Concrete Breakout Strength in Shear: The nominal static concrete breakout strength of a single screw anchor or group of screw anchors in shear, $V_{cb}$ or $V_{cbg}$, shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 Section 17.5.2 or ACI 318-11 Section D.6.2, with modifications as described in this section. The basic concrete breakout strength of a single screw anchor in shear in cracked concrete, $V_{cb}$, shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 Section 17.5.2.2 or ACI 318-11 Section D.6.2.2 using the values of $l_{s}$ and $d_{s}$ given in Table 3 of this report. The modification factors in ACI 318-14 17.5.2.4, 17.5.2.5, 17.5.2.6 and 17.5.2.7 and ACI 318-11 D.6.2.4, D.6.2.5, D.6.2.6 and D.6.2.7 shall be applied to the basic breakout strength in shear, $V_{cb}$, as applicable. The strength reduction factors, $\phi$, corresponding to concrete breakout and anchor category in accordance with ACI 318-14 Section 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 Section D.4.3 are provided in Table 3 of this report for each anchor size referenced in this report.

For anchors installed in the topsides of concrete-filled steel deck assemblies, as shown in Figures 3 of this report, the nominal concrete breakout strength of a single anchor or group of anchors in shear, $V_{cb}$ or $V_{cbg}$, respectively, shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.5.2 or ACI
318-11 D.6.2, as applicable, using the actual member thickness, \( h_{	ext{min, deck}} \), in the determination of \( A_{	ext{v,c}} \). The minimum topping thickness for anchors in the topside of concrete-filled steel deck assemblies is given in Table 4 of this report.

4.1.7 Requirements for Static Concrete Pryout Strength in Shear: The nominal static pryout strength of a single screw anchor or group of screw anchors in shear, \( V_{cp} \) or \( V_{cp,g} \), shall be calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 Section 17.5.3 or ACI 318-11 Section D.6.3, using the value of the coefficient of pryout strength, \( k_{cp} \), provided in Table 3 of this report, and the value of nominal breakout strength in tension of a single screw anchor or a group of screw anchors \( N_{\phi} \) or \( N_{cbp} \), as calculated in Section 4.1.3 of this report. The strength reduction factors, \( \phi \), corresponding to pryout and anchor category in accordance with ACI 318-14 Section 17.3.3 or ACI 318-11 Section D.4.3 are provided in Table 3 of this report for each anchor size referenced in this report.

4.1.8 Requirements for Seismic Design in Seismic Design Categories C, D, E and F

4.1.8.1 General: When the screw anchor design includes seismic loads, the design shall be performed in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.3.3, as applicable. Modifications to ACI 318-14 17.2.3 shall be applied under Section 1905.1.8 of the 2018 and 2015 IBC.

Under the 2012, 2009, and 2006 IBC and IRC, Section 1905.1.9 of the 2012 IBC and IRC shall be replaced with the following:

Modify ACI 318-11 Section D.3.3.4.2, D.3.3.4.3 (d) and D.3.3.5.2 to read as follows:

D.3.3.4.2 - Where the tensile component of the strength-level earthquake force applied to anchors exceeds 20 percent of the total factored anchor tensile force associated with the same load combination, anchors and their attachments shall be designed in accordance with D.3.3.4.3. The anchor design tensile strength shall be determined in accordance with D.3.3.4.4.

Exception:
Anchors designed to resist wall out-of-plane forces with design strengths equal to or greater than the force determined in accordance with ASCE 7 Equation 12.11-1 or 12.14-10 shall be deemed to satisfy Section D.3.3.4.3 (d).

D.3.3.4.3 (d) – The anchor or group of anchors shall be designed for the maximum tension obtained from design load combinations that include \( E \), with \( E \) increased by \( \Omega_{\phi} \). The anchor design tensile strength shall be calculated from D.3.3.4.4.

D.3.3.5.2 – Where the shear component of the strength-level earthquake force applied to anchors exceeds 20 percent of the total factored anchor shear force associated with the same load combination, anchors and their attachments shall be designed in accordance with D.3.3.5.3. The anchor design shear strength for resisting earthquake forces shall be determined in accordance with D.6.

Exceptions:
1. For the calculation of the in-plane shear strength of anchor bolts attaching wood sill plates of bearing or non-bearing walls of light-frame wood structures to foundations or foundation stem walls, the in-plane shear strength in accordance with D.6.2 and D.6.3 need not be computed and D.3.3.5.3 need not apply provided all of the following are satisfied:

   1.1. The allowable in-plane shear strength of the anchor is determined in accordance with AF&PA NDS Table 11E for lateral design values parallel to grain.

   1.2. The maximum anchor nominal diameter is \( 5/8 \) inch (16 mm).

   1.3. Anchor bolts are embedded into concrete a minimum of 7 inches (178 mm).

   1.4. Anchor bolts are located a minimum of \( 1-3/4 \) inches (45 mm) from the edge of the concrete parallel to the length of the wood sill plate.

   1.5. Anchor bolts are located a minimum of 15 anchor diameters from the edge of the concrete perpendicular to the length of the wood sill plate.

   1.6. The sill plate is 2-inch or 3-inch nominal thickness.

2. For the calculation of the in-plane shear strength of anchor bolts attaching cold-formed steel track of bearing or non-bearing walls of light-frame construction to foundations or foundation stem walls, the in-plane shear strength in accordance with D.6.2 and D.6.3 need not be computed and D.3.3.5.3 need not apply provided all of the following are satisfied:

   2.1. The maximum anchor nominal diameter is \( 5/8 \) inch (16 mm).

   2.2. Anchors are embedded into concrete a minimum of 7 inches (178 mm).

   2.3. Anchors are located a minimum of \( 1-3/4 \) inches (45 mm) from the edge of the concrete parallel to the length of the track.

   2.4. Anchors are located a minimum of 15 anchor diameters from the edge of the concrete perpendicular to the length of the track.
2.5. The track is 33 to 68 mil designation thickness.

Allowable in-plane shear strength of exempt anchors, parallel to the edge of concrete shall be permitted to be determined in accordance with AISI S100 Section E3.3.1.

3. In light-frame construction, bearing or nonbearing walls, shear strength of concrete anchors less than or equal to 1 inch [25 mm] in diameter attaching a sill plate or track to foundation or foundation stem wall need not satisfy D.3.3.5.3(a) through (c) when the design strength of the anchors is determined in accordance with D.6.2.1(c).

Except for use in Seismic Design Category A or B of the IBC, design strengths shall be determined presuming the concrete is cracked unless analysis demonstrates that the concrete remains uncracked at service load levels.

The nominal steel strength and the nominal concrete breakout strength of anchors in tension and the nominal concrete breakout strength and pryout strength of anchors in shear, shall be calculated according to ACI 318-14 Section 17.4 and 17.5 and ACI 318-11 D.5 and D.6, as applicable, respectively, considering the corresponding values in Table 1 through 4 of this report.

The screw anchors comply with ACI 318-14 2.3 or ACI 318-11 D.1, as applicable, as ductile steel elements and shall be designed in accordance with ACI 318-14 Section 17.2.3.4, 17.2.3.5, or 17.2.3.6 or ACI 318-11 Section D.3.3.4, D.3.3.5 or D.3.3.6 or ACI 318-08 Section D.3.3.4, D.3.3.5 or D.3.3.6 or ACI 318-05 Section D.3.3.4 or D.3.3.5 as applicable, with the modifications noted in this report.

4.1.8.2 Seismic Tension: The nominal steel strength and concrete breakout strength in tension shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4.1 and 17.4.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.1 and D.5.2, as applicable, as described in Section 4.1.2 and 4.1.3 of this report, in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.4.3.2 or ACI 318-11 D.5.3.2, as applicable, the appropriate value for nominal pullout strength in tension for seismic loads, \( N_{p,eq} \) described in Table 2 of this report, shall be used in lieu of \( N_p \).

4.1.8.3 Seismic Shear: The nominal concrete breakout and concrete pryout strength in shear shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 17.5.2 and 17.5.3 or ACI 318-11 D.6.2 and D.6.3, as applicable, as described in Sections 4.1.6 and 4.1.7 of this report. In accordance with ACI 318-14 17.5.1.2 or ACI 318-11 D.6.1.2, as applicable the appropriate value for nominal steel strength in shear for seismic loads, \( V_{sa,eq} \) described in Table 3 of this report, shall be used in lieu of \( V_{sa} \).

4.1.9 Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces: For screw anchors and groups of screw anchors that are subject to combined tension and shear, the interaction of tension and shear loads shall be designed in accordance with ACI 318-14 Section 17.6 or ACI 318-11 Section D.7.

4.1.10 Requirements for Minimum Member Thickness \( h_{min} \), Minimum Anchor Spacing, \( s_{min} \), and Minimum Edge Distance, \( c_{min} \): In lieu of ACI 318-14 Sections 17.7.1 and 17.7.3 or ACI 318-11 Sections D.8.1 and D.8.3, values of \( c_{min} \) and \( s_{min} \) provided in Tables 1 and 4 of this report shall be used. In lieu of ACI 318-14 Section 17.7.5 or ACI 318-11 Section D.8.5, the minimum member thicknesses, \( h_{min} \), shall be in accordance with Table 1 of this report.

4.1.11 Requirements for Critical Edge Distance, \( c_{ac} \): In applications where \( c < c_{ac} \) and supplemental reinforcement to control splitting of the concrete is not present, the concrete breakout strength in tension for uncracked concrete, calculated in accordance with ACI 318-14 Section 17.4.2 or ACI 318-11 Section D.5.2 shall be further multiplied by the factor \( \Psi_{cp,N} \) in Eq-1 as follows:

\[
\Psi_{cp,N} = c/c_{ac} \quad (\text{Eq-1})
\]

whereby the factor \( \Psi_{cp,N} \) need not be taken as less than 1.5. For all other cases, \( \Psi_{cp,N} = 1.0 \). In lieu of ACI 318-14 Section 17.7.6 or ACI 318-11 Section D.8.3, the values for critical edge distance, \( c_{ac} \), shall be taken from Tables 1 and 4 of this report.

4.1.12 Lightweight Concrete: For the use of anchors in lightweight concrete the modification factor \( \lambda_{ac} \) equal to 0.8 is applied to all values of affecting \( N_{p} \) and \( V_{sa} \). For ACI 318-14 (2018 and 2015 IBC), ACI 318-11 (2012 IBC) and ACI 318-08 (2009 IBC), \( \lambda_{ac} \) shall be determined in accordance with the corresponding version of ACI 318. For ACI 318-05 (2006 IBC), \( \lambda_{ac} \) shall be taken as 0.75 for all lightweight concrete and 0.85 for sand-lightweight concrete. Linear interpolation shall be permitted if partial sand replacement is used. In addition, the pullout strengths \( N_{p,cr} \), \( N_{p,uncr} \), and \( N_{eq} \) shall be multiplied by the modification factor, \( \lambda_{ac} \), as applicable.

4.2 Allowable Stress Design (ASD)

4.2.1 General: For anchors designed using load combinations in accordance with IBC Section 1605.3, allowable loads shall be established using Eq. (2) or Eq. (3), as follows:

\[
T_{allowable, ASD} = \phi N_{p}/\alpha \quad \text{Eq. (2)}
\]

\[
V_{allowable, ASD} = \phi V_{sa}/\alpha \quad \text{Eq. (3)}
\]

Where:

\[ T_{allowable, ASD} = \text{Allowable tension load (lbf or kN)} \]

\[ V_{allowable, ASD} = \text{Allowable shear load (lbf or kN)} \]

\[ \phi N_{p} = \text{The lowest design strength of an anchor or anchor group in tension as determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D as amended in Section 4.1 of this report.} \]
\( \phi V_a = \) The lowest design strength of an anchor or group in shear as determined in accordance with ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D as amended in Section 4.1 of this report.

\( \alpha = \) Conversion factor calculated as a weighted average of the load factors for the controlling load combination. In addition, \( \alpha \) shall include all applicable factors to account for non-ductile failure modes and required over-strength.

The requirement for member thickness, edge distance and spacing, described in Tables 1 and 4 of this report, shall apply.

4.2.2 Interaction of Tensile and Shear Forces: In lieu of ACI 318-14 Sections 17.6.1, 17.6.2 and 17.6.3 or ACI 318-11 Sections D.7.1, D.7.2 and D.7.3, interaction of tension and shear loads shall be calculated as follows:

17.6.1 (D.7.1): If \( V_{\text{applied}} \leq 0.2 \, V_{\text{allowable, ASD}} \) for the governing strength in shear, then the full allowable strength in tension, \( T_{\text{allowable, ASD}} \), shall be permitted.

17.6.2 (D.7.2): If \( T_{\text{applied}} \leq 0.2 \, T_{\text{allowable, ASD}} \) for the governing strength in tension, then the full allowable strength in shear, \( V_{\text{allowable, ASD}} \), shall be permitted.

17.6.3 (D.7.3): If \( V_{\text{applied}} > 0.2 \, V_{\text{allowable, ASD}} \) for the governing strength in shear and \( T_{\text{applied}} > 0.2 \, T_{\text{allowable, ASD}} \) for the governing strength in tension, then:

\[
\frac{T_{\text{applied}}}{T_{\text{allowable, ASD}}} = \frac{V_{\text{applied}}}{V_{\text{allowable, ASD}}} \leq 1.2
\]

Eq. (4)

4.3 Installation: Installation parameters are provided in Tables 1 and 4 and Figures 2 and 3 of this report. The Stainless Steel Titen HD® Screw Anchors shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer’s published installation instructions and this report. Screw anchor locations shall comply with this report and the plans and specifications approved by the code official. Screw anchors shall be installed in holes drilled using carbide-tipped drill bits conforming to ANSI B212.15-1994. For the ¼-inch (6.4 mm) Stainless Steel Titen HD® Screw Anchors, the hole is drilled to the specified nominal embedment depth plus \( 1/8 \) inch (3.2 mm). For the 5/32-inch (9.5 mm) Stainless Steel Titen HD® Screw Anchors, the hole is drilled to the specified nominal embedment depth plus \( 1/4 \) inch (6.4 mm). For ½-inch (12.7 mm), ¾-inch (15.9 mm) and 5/8-inch (19.1 mm) Stainless Steel Titen HD® Screw Anchors, the hole is drilled to the specified nominal embedment depth plus \( 1/2 \) inch (12.7 mm). Dust and debris in the hole shall be removed by using oil-free compressed air or a vacuum. The screw anchor shall be installed into the predrilled hole to the specified embedment depth using a socket wrench or powered impact wrench. The maximum installation torque and maximum impact wrench torque rating requirements for the Stainless Steel Titen HD® Screw Anchors are detailed in Table 1 of this report. Stainless Steel Titen HD® Screw Anchors may be loosened by a maximum one turn and reinstalled with a socket wrench or powered impact wrench to facilitate fixture attachment or realignment.

For anchors installed in the topside of normal-weight or sand-lightweight concrete over profile steel deck floor and roof assemblies, installation parameters are provided in Table 4 and Figure 3 of this report.

4.4 Special Inspection: Special inspection is required in accordance with 2018, 2015 and 2012 IBC Sections 1705.1 and 1705.3, 2009 IBC Sections 1704.4 and 1704.15 or 2006 IBC Sections 1704.4 and 1704.13 and this report. The special inspector shall make periodic inspections during anchor installation to verify anchor type, anchor dimensions, concrete type and compressive strength, hole dimensions, hole cleaning procedures, drill bit size, anchor spacing, edge distances, concrete thickness, anchor embedment and adherence to the manufacturer’s published installation instructions. The special inspector shall be present as often as required in accordance with the “statement of special inspection.”

Under the IBC, additional requirements as set forth in Sections 1705, 1706 and 1707 shall be observed, where applicable.

5.0 LIMITATIONS

The Simpson Strong-Tie® Stainless Steel Titen HD® Screw Anchors described in this report are suitable alternatives to what is specified in the codes listed in Section 1.0 of this report, subject to the following conditions:

5.1 Stainless Steel Titen HD® Screw Anchors shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer’s published installation instructions and this report. Where conflicts between this report and the published instructions occur, the more restrictive shall prevail.

5.2 Screw anchor sizes, dimensions and minimum embedment depths are as set forth in this report.

5.3 The screw anchors shall be installed in accordance with Section 4.3 of this report in cracked and uncracked normal-weight concrete and lightweight concrete having a specified compressive strength of \( f'_c = 2,500 \) psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).

5.4 The ¼-inch-diameter (6.4 mm), 5/32-inch-diameter (9.5 mm) and ½-inch diameter (12.7 mm) anchors may be installed in the topside of cracked and uncracked normal-weight or sand-lightweight concrete-filled steel deck having a specified compressive strength, \( f'_c = 2,500 \) psi to 8,500 psi (17.2 MPa to 58.6 MPa).

5.5 The values of \( f'_c \) used for calculation purposes shall not exceed 8,000 psi (55.1 MPa).
5.6 Strength design values shall be established in accordance with Section 4.1 of this report.

5.7 Allowable stress design values shall be established in accordance with Section 4.2 of this report.

5.8 Minimum anchor spacing, minimum edge distance, minimum member thickness, critical spacing, and minimum critical edge distance shall comply with the values described in Tables 1 and 4, and Figure 3 of this report.

5.9 Prior to installation, calculations and details demonstrating compliance with this report shall be submitted to the code official. The calculations and details shall be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed.

5.10 Since an evaluation criterion for evaluating data to determine the performance of anchors subjected to fatigue or shock loading is unavailable at this time, the use of these anchors under such conditions is beyond the scope of this report.

5.11 Screw anchors may be installed in regions of concrete where cracking has occurred or where analysis indicates cracking may occur \( (f_i > f_1) \), subject to the conditions of this report.

5.12 Screw anchors may be used to resist short-term loads due to wind and to seismic load combinations subject to the conditions of this report.

5.13 Screw anchors shall not be used to support fire-resistive construction. Where not otherwise prohibited in the IBC or IRC, Stainless Steel Titen HD® Screw Anchors are permitted for installation in fire-resistive construction provided at least one of the following conditions are met.

- Anchors are used to resist wind or seismic forces only.
- Anchors that support gravity load-bearing structural elements are within a fire-resistive envelope or a fire-resistive membrane, are protected by approved fire-resistive materials, or have been evaluated for resistance to fire exposure in accordance with recognized standards.
- Anchors are used to support nonstructural elements.

5.14 Use of stainless steel screw anchors is permitted for exterior exposure and damp locations.

5.15 Screw anchors have been evaluated for reliability against brittle failure and found to be not significantly sensitive to stress-induced hydrogen embrittlement.

5.16 Use of the screw anchors made of stainless steel as specified in this report is permitted for contact with code-complying preservative-treated and fire-retardant- treated wood.

5.17 Special inspection shall be provided in accordance with Section 4.4 of this report.

5.18 Stainless Steel Titen HD® Screw Anchors are manufactured under an approved quality control program.

6.0 SUBSTANTIATING DATA

Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Mechanical Anchors in Concrete Elements (AC193), approved October 2017. Test results are from laboratories in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025.

7.0 IDENTIFICATION

7.1 Stainless Steel Titen HD® Screw Anchors are identified in the field by labels on the packaging, bearing the company name (Simpson Strong-Tie Company, Inc.), product name (Stainless Steel Titen HD®), the anchor diameter and length, catalog number and the evaluation report number (ER-493). In addition, the ≠ symbol and the anchor length (in inches) are stamped on the head of each screw anchor.

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GP Russ Chaney
CEO, The IAPMO Group

For additional information about this evaluation report please visit www.uniform-es.org or email us at info@uniform-es.org
TABLE 1
STAINLESS STEEL TITEN HD® SCREW ANCHOR INSTALLATION INFORMATION¹

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Characteristic</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Nominal Anchor Diameter (inch)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installation Information</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominal Diameter</td>
<td>(d_a)</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>1/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drill Bit Diameter</td>
<td>(d_{bit})</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>1/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Baseplate Clearance Hole Diameter²</td>
<td>(d_c)</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>3/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Installation Torque³</td>
<td>(T_{inst,max})</td>
<td>ft-lbf</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Impact Wrench Torque Rating</td>
<td>(T_{impact,max})</td>
<td>ft-lbf</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Hole Depth</td>
<td>(h_{hole})</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>2(1/4)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominal Embedment Depth</td>
<td>(h_{nom})</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>2(1/8)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effective Embedment Depth</td>
<td>(h_{ef})</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>1.27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Critical Edge Distance</td>
<td>(c_{ac})</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Edge Distance</td>
<td>(c_{min})</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>1(1/2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Spacing</td>
<td>(s_{min})</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>1(1/2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Concrete Thickness</td>
<td>(h_{min})</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>3(1/2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anchor Data</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yield Strength</td>
<td>(f_{ys})</td>
<td>psi</td>
<td>88,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tensile Strength</td>
<td>(f_{uta})</td>
<td>psi</td>
<td>110,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Tensile &amp; Shear Stress Area</td>
<td>(A_{as})²</td>
<td>in²</td>
<td>0.0430</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Axial Stiffness in Service Load Range - Uncracked Concrete</td>
<td>(\beta_{uncr})</td>
<td>lb/in.</td>
<td>139,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Axial Stiffness in Service Load Range - Cracked Concrete</td>
<td>(\beta_{cr})</td>
<td>lb/in.</td>
<td>103,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 ft-lbf = 1.356 N-m, 1 psi = 6.89 kPa, 1 in² = 645 mm², 1 lb/in = 0.175 N/mm.

¹The information presented in this table is to be used in conjunction with the design criteria of ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D, as applicable.
²The clearance shall comply with applicable code requirements for the connected element.
³\(T_{inst,max}\) applies to installations using a calibrated torque wrench.
⁴For the 2006 IBC \(d_a\) replaces \(d_e\)
⁵\(A_{ac,N} = A_{ac,V} = A_{ac}\)
TABLE 2
STAINLESS STEEL TITEN HD® SCREW ANCHOR CHARACTERISTIC TENSION STRENGTH DESIGN VALUES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Characteristic</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>1/4</th>
<th>3/8</th>
<th>1/2</th>
<th>5/8</th>
<th>3/4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anchor Category</td>
<td>( \phi )</td>
<td></td>
<td>1, 2 or 3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominal Embedment Depth</td>
<td>( h_{nom} )</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>2 1/8</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2 1/2</td>
<td>3 1/4</td>
<td>3 1/4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Steel Strength in Tension (ACI 318-14 17.4.1 or ACI 318-11 Section D.5.1)

- Tension Resistance of Steel | \( N_{sa} \) | lbf | 4,730 | 12,177 | 20,885 | 28,723 | 47,606 |
- Strength Reduction Factor - Steel Failure | \( \phi_{sa} \) | - | 0.75 |

Concrete Breakout Strength in Tension (ACI 318-14 17.4.2 or ACI 318 Section D.5.2)

- Effective Embedment Depth | \( h_{ef} \) | in. | 1.27 | 2.01 | 1.40 | 2.04 | 1.86 | 2.50 | 2.31 | 3.59 | 3.49 | 4.13 |
- Critical Edge Distance | \( c_{ac} \) | in. | 3 | 3 | 4 1/2 | 5 1/2 | 6 | 3 1/4 | 6 | 6 1/2 | 6 1/4 | 7 3/8 |
- Effectiveness Factor - Uncracked Concrete | \( k_{uncr} \) | - | 24 | 24 | 27 | 24 | 27 | 24 | 24 | 27 | 27 |
- Effectiveness Factor - Cracked Concrete | \( k_{cr} \) | - | 17 | 17 | 21 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 21 |
- Modification factor | \( \psi_{c,n} \) | - | 1 |
- Strength Reduction Factor - Concrete Breakout Failure | \( \phi_{c,b} \) | - | 0.45 | 0.65 |

Pullout Strength in Tension (ACI 318-14 17.4.3 or ACI 318-11 Section D.5.3)

- Pullout Resistance Uncracked Concrete (\( f'_{c} = 2,500 \) psi) | \( N_{p,uncr} \) | lbf | 1,725 \(^5\) | 3,550 \(^3\) | N/A \(^4\) | N/A \(^4\) | N/A \(^4\) | 3,820 \(^5\) | 9,080 \(^7\) | N/A \(^4\) | N/A \(^4\) |
- Pullout Resistance Cracked Concrete (\( f'_{c} = 2,500 \) psi) | \( N_{p,cr} \) | lbf | 695 \(^5\) | 1,225 \(^5\) | 1,675 \(^3\) | 2,415 \(^5\) | 1,995 \(^5\) | N/A \(^4\) | N/A \(^4\) | N/A \(^4\) | N/A \(^4\) |
- Strength Reduction Factor - Pullout Failure | \( \phi_{p} \) | - | 0.45 | 0.65 |

Tension Strength for Seismic Applications (ACI 318-14 17.2.3.3 or ACI 318-11 Section D.3.3.3)

- Nominal Pullout Strength for Seismic Loads (\( f'_{c} = 2,500 \) psi) | \( N_{p,eq} \) | lbf | 695 \(^5\) | 1,225 \(^5\) | 1,675 \(^3\) | 2,415 \(^5\) | 1,995 \(^5\) | N/A \(^4\) | N/A \(^4\) | N/A \(^4\) | N/A \(^4\) |
- Strength Reduction Factor for Pullout Failure | \( \phi_{eq} \) | - | 0.45 | 0.65 |

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 ft-lbf = 1.356 N-m, 1 psi = 6.89 kPa, 1 in\(^2\) = 645 mm\(^2\), 1 lb/in = 0.175 N/mm.

1The information presented in this table is to be used in conjunction with the design criteria of ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D, as applicable.
2The tabulated value of \( \phi_{a} \) applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318-14 Section 5.3 or ACI 318-11 Section 9.2 are used, as applicable. If the load combinations of ACI 318-11 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of \( \phi \) shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.4(b), as applicable.
3The tabulated values of \( \phi_{sc} \) apply when both the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318-14 Section 5.3 or ACI 318-11 Section 9.2, as applicable, and the requirements of ACI 318-11 D.4.3(c) for Condition B are met. Condition B applies where supplementary reinforcement is not provided in concrete. For installations where complying reinforcement is verified, the \( \phi_{sc} \) factors described in ACI 318-14 17.3.3(c) or ACI 318-11 D.4.3(c), as applicable, may be used for Condition A. If the load combinations of ACI 318 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of \( \phi \) shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.4(c) for Condition B.
4As described in this report, N/A denotes that pullout resistance does not govern and does not need to be considered.
5The characteristic pullout resistance for greater compressive strengths may be increased by multiplying the tabular value by \((f'_{c}/2,500)^{0.5}\).
6The tabulated values of \( \phi_{p} \) apply when both the load combinations of ACI 318-14 Section 5.3 or ACI 318-11 Section 9.2, as applicable, and the requirements of ACI 318-11 D.4.3(c) for Condition B are met. Condition B applies where supplementary reinforcement is not provided in concrete. For installations where complying reinforcement is verified, the \( \phi_{p} \) factors described in ACI 318-14 17.3.3(c) or ACI 318-11 D.4.3(c), as applicable, may be used for Condition A. If the load combinations of ACI 318 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of \( \phi \) shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.4(c) for Condition B.
7The characteristic pullout resistance for greater compressive strengths may be increased by multiplying the tabular value by \((f'_{c}/2,500)^{0.3}\).
8The characteristic pullout resistance for greater compressive strengths may be increased by multiplying the tabular value by \((f'_{c}/2,500)^{0.2}\).
TABLE 3
STAINLESS STEEL TITEN HD® SCREW ANCHOR CHARACTERISTIC SHEAR STRENGTH DESIGN VALUES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Characteristic</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>1/4</th>
<th>3/8</th>
<th>1/2</th>
<th>5/8</th>
<th>3/4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anchor Category</td>
<td>1, 2 or 3</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominal Embedment Depth</td>
<td>$h_{nom}$</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>2/8</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2/2</td>
<td>3/4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5/2</td>
<td>5/2</td>
<td>6/4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Steel Strength in Shear (ACI 318-14 17.5.1 or ACI 318-11 Section D.6.1)

| Shear Resistance of Steel | $V_{su}$ | lbf | 2,285 | 3,790 | 4,780 | 6,024 | 7,633 | 10,422 | 10,649 | 13,710 | 19,161 |
| Strength Reduction Factor | $\phi_{su}$ | -   |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| - Steel Failure            |          |     | 0.65  |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

Concrete Breakout Strength in Shear (ACI 318-14 17.5.2 or ACI 318-11 Section D.6.2)

| Nominal Diameter | $d_a (d_o)^4$ | in. | 0.250 | 0.375 | 0.500 | 0.625 | 0.750 |
| Load Bearing Length of Anchor in Shear | $l_e$ | in. | 1.27  | 2.01  | 1.40  | 2.04  | 1.86  | 2.50  | 2.31  | 3.59  | 3.49  | 4.13  |
| Strength Reduction Factor | $\phi_{sb}$ | - | 0.70  |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

Concrete Pryout Strength in Shear (ACI 318-14 17.5.3 or ACI 318-11 Section D.6.3)

| Coefficient for Pryout Strength | $k_{cp}$ | - | 1.0  | 1.0  | 1.0  | 1.0  | 2.0  | 1.0  | 2.0  | 2.0  | 2.0  | 2.0  |
| Strength Reduction Factor | $\phi_{cp}$ | - |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| - Concrete Pryout Failure |          | 0.70 |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

Shear Strength for Seismic Applications (ACI 318-14 17.2.3.3 or ACI 318-11 Section D.3.3.3)

| Shear Resistance - Single Anchor for Seismic Loads ($f'_c = 2,500$ psi) | $V_{sa,eq}$ | lbf | 1,370 | 1,600 | 3,790 | 4,780 | 5,345 | 6,773 | 9,367 | 9,367 | 10,969 | 10,969 |
| Strength Reduction Factor | $\phi_{eq}$ | - |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
| - Steel Failure |          | 0.65 |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4mm, 1 lbf = 4.45N.

1The information presented in this table is to be used in conjunction with the design criteria of ACI 318-14 Chapter 17 or ACI 318-11 Appendix D, as applicable.
2The tabulated value of $\phi_{sa}$ and $\phi_{eq}$ applies when the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318-14 Section 5.3 or ACI 318-11 Section 9.2, as applicable, are used. If the load combinations of ACI 318 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of $\phi$ shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318 D.4.4(b).
3The tabulated values of $\phi_{sa}$ and $\phi_{eq}$ applies when both the load combinations of Section 1605.2 of the IBC, ACI 318-14 Section 5.3 or ACI 318-11 Section 9.2 are used and the requirements of ACI 318-11 D.4.4(c) for Condition B are met. Condition B applies where supplementary reinforcement is not provided in concrete. For installations where complying reinforcement is verified, the $\phi_{sa}$ and $\phi_{eq}$ factors described in ACI 318-14 17.3.3(c) or ACI 318-11 D.4.3(c), as applicable, may be used for Condition A. If the load combinations of ACI 318 Appendix C are used, the appropriate value of $\phi_{sa}$ shall be determined in accordance with ACI 318 D.5.4(b) for Condition B.
4The notation in parenthesis is for the 2006 IBC.
### TABLE 4

**STAINLESS STEEL TITEN HD® SCREW ANCHOR SETTING INFORMATION FOR INSTALLATION ON THE TOP OF CONCRETE-FILLED PROFILE STEEL DECK FLOOR AND ROOF ASSEMBLIES**¹,²,³,⁴

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Design Information</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Nominal Anchor Diameter (inch)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominal Embedment Depth</td>
<td>( h_{nom} )</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>2 1/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effective Embedment Depth</td>
<td>( h_{ef} )</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>1.27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Concrete Thickness</td>
<td>( h_{min,deck} )</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>2 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Critical Edge Distance</td>
<td>( c_{ac,deck,top} )</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Edge Distance</td>
<td>( c_{min,deck,top} )</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>1 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum Spacing</td>
<td>( s_{min,deck,top} )</td>
<td>in.</td>
<td>1 1/2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4mm, 1 lbf = 4.45N.

¹Installation shall comply with Sections 3.3, 4.1.6, 4.1.10 and 4.3 and Figure 3 of this report.
²Design capacity shall be based on calculations according to values in Tables 2 and 3 of this report.
³Minimum flute depth (distance from top of flute to bottom of flute) shall be 1.5 inches as shown in Figure 3 of this report.
⁴Steel deck thickness shall be minimum No. 20 gauge.
⁵Minimum concrete thickness \((h_{min,deck})\) refers to concrete thickness above upper flute, as shown in Figure 3 of this report.

### TABLE 5

**STAINLESS STEEL TITEN HD® SCREW ANCHOR IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Anchor Size</th>
<th>Model Number 316SS</th>
<th>Model Number 304SS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1/4&quot;</td>
<td>THDC25xxxH6SS</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/8&quot;</td>
<td>THD37xxxH6SS</td>
<td>THD37xxxH4SS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1/2&quot;</td>
<td>THD50xxxH6SS</td>
<td>THD50xxxH4SS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5/8&quot;</td>
<td>THDB62xxxH6SS</td>
<td>THDB62xxxH4SS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3/4&quot;</td>
<td>THD75xxxH6SS</td>
<td>THD75xxxH4SS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
FIGURE 1 - STAINLESS STEEL TITEN HD® SCREW ANCHOR

FIGURE 2 – STAINLESS STEEL TITEN HD® SCREW ANCHOR INSTALLATION

FIGURE 3 – INSTALLATION OF THE ¼-INCH, 3/8-INCH AND 1/2-INCH DIAMETER ANCHORS IN THE TOPSIDE OF CONCRETE-FILLED PROFILE STEEL DECK FLOOR AND ROOF ASSEMBLIES (1in = 25.4mm)
CITY OF LOS ANGELES
SUPPLEMENT

Simpson Strong-Tie Company Inc.
5956 West Las Positas Boulevard
Pleasanton, California 94588
(800) 925-5099
www.strongtie.com

STAINLESS STEEL TITEN HD® SCREW ANCHORS FOR USE IN CRACKED AND UNCRACKED CONCRETE

CSI Division:
03 00 00—CONCRETE
05 00 00—METALS

CSI Section:
03 16 00—Concrete Anchors
05 05 19—Post-installed Concrete Anchors

1.0 RECOGNITION

The Simpson Strong-Tie Stainless Steel Titen HD® Screw Anchors for Use in Cracked and Uncracked Concrete as evaluated and represented in IAPMO UES Evaluation Report ER-493 and with changes as noted in this supplement is a satisfactory alternative for use in buildings built under the following codes (and regulations):

- 2017 City of Los Angeles Building Code (LABC)
- 2017 City of Los Angeles Residential Code (LARC)

2.0 LIMITATIONS

Use of the Simpson Strong-Tie Stainless Steel Titen HD® Screw Anchors for Use in Cracked and Uncracked Concrete recognized in this report is subject to the following limitations:

2.1 The design, installation, conditions of use and identification of the Stainless Steel Titen HD® Screw Anchors shall be in accordance with the 2015 International Building Code and the International Residential Code as noted in ER-493.

2.2 Prior to installation, calculations and details demonstrating compliance with this approval report and the 2017 Los Angeles Building Code or 2017 Los Angeles Residential Code shall be submitted to the structural plan check section for review and approval. The calculations and details shall be prepared by a registered engineer, licensed in the State of California.

2.3 The design and installation of the Stainless Steel Titen HD® Screw Anchors shall be in accordance with LABC Chapters 16 and 17.

2.4 The allowable and strength design values listed in ER-493 are for fasteners only. Connected members shall be checked for their capacity (which may govern).

2.5 Periodic special inspection shall be provided by the Registered Deputy Inspector in accordance with Section 1705 of the 2017 LABC during installations of the Stainless Steel Titen HD® Screw anchors.

2.6 Under the LARC a design in accordance with Section R301.1.3 shall be submitted.

This supplement expires concurrently with ER-493.

For additional information about this evaluation report please visit www.uniform-es.org or email us at info@uniform-es.org